# ABRSM Music Theory <br> Example Items reference sheets <br> Grade 5 

## Info page

## Instructions:

- Ensure the camera is not covered and that you are visible
- Ensure the Responsible Adult, if present, is aware the exam has started
- You must not use any unauthorised material in the exam
- If sitting with other candidates, state "I am sitting with other candidates and the Responsible Adult is present"
- Show all pieces of rough paper to the camera to confirm they are blank


## Information:

- There are seven sections in this paper
- The total mark is 75


## Advice:

- Read each question carefully before attempting it
- Try to answer every question
- Check your answers if you have time at the end


## Terminology:

| bar | measure |
| :--- | :--- |
| breve | double whole note |
| semibreve | whole note |
| minim | half note |
| crotchet | quarter note |
| quaver | 8th note |
| semiquaver | 16th note |
| demisemiquaver | 32nd note |

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## Example 1

This is an example of a multiple choice question.
You select the answer by clicking on the option you think is correct.
Then click Answer to confirm your response and move to the next question.

Select the correct time signature for the bar.

-
9
8
$-\frac{4}{4}$
7
-8

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## Example 2

This is an example of a drag and drop question, which is the online equivalent of being able to write your answer on paper.
To complete this question, you will need to drag one of the available note-heads onto the stave.

There are five note-heads to choose from, which means you can answer the question with a natural note, a sharp or flat note, or a double sharp or double flat note. Select the note-head you wish to use to answer your question and drag it anywhere on the stave to complete the answer. You will not need to use any ledger lines.

You can adjust the position of the note-head once it's been placed on the stave, but a correct answer here will need an accurate placement of the note, so be extra careful to check this before submitting your answer.
Once you are happy with the placement of the note-head for this question, click Answer to confirm your response and move to the next question.

Drag and drop one of the five note-heads to form an interval of a compound perfect 5th above the given note.

| Answer options: |
| :---: |
| bbo |
| $\mathbf{x O}$ |
| $b \mathbf{O}$ |
| $\mathbf{O}$ |
| $\# \mathbf{O}$ |



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## Example 3

This is an example of a fill in the blank question where you will need to enter the answer by typing a number (1, 2, 3 etc.).
You will not be able to write any text here (one, two, three etc.). You can use the 'tab' button on your keyboard to move to the next answer field.
Once you have completed your answers, click Answer to confirm your response and move to the next question.

Complete the following two sentences by adding a number (1, 2,3 etc.) to each.

- In $\mathbf{6}$ 6 there are $\square$ dotted-quaver beats in a bar.
- A breve is equal to $\square$ crotchet(s).


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## Example 4

This is an example of a matching question where you have to select an answer from a pull-down list of options.
You will need to select an answer for every part of this question (shown here as A to E) before the Answer button becomes active. You can then click it to move onto the next question.

However, this is the last of the practice questions, so when you click Answer here it will finish the exam.

You can repeat these questions as many times as you like before the exam.

Select suitable chords for the two cadences in the following melody by choosing I, II, IV or V in each of the five boxes underneath the staves.


