**Qualification Specification** 

# ABRSM

# PRACTICAL MUSIC GRADES

# BRASS

# Trombone Syllabus

from 2023

# **Qualification Specification: Practical Music Brass (Trombone) from 2023**

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# **1. Introduction**

# About ABRSM

At ABRSM we aim to support learners and teachers in every way we can. One way we do this is through the provision of high quality and respected music qualifications. These exams provide clear goals, reliable and consistent marking, and guidance for future learning and, with backing from four Royal Schools of Music in the UK, are valued and trusted around the world.

We offer qualifications and assessments for a range of instruments (including singing) and genres, as well as for Music Theory and Practical Musicianship. Our syllabuses are based on core musical skills – listening, performing, reading, writing, musical knowledge and understanding, and improvising. Together these skills give learners a good foundation for their musical development and a range of different musical activities.

Taking an exam is an exciting challenge with many benefits for learners. We do everything we can to make the exam experience positive and rewarding. We work closely with specialists, teachers and examiners to provide syllabuses of the highest quality with a wide variety of pieces and songs to choose from. We train our friendly, expert examiners to ensure that all candidates are rewarded and recognised for their musical achievements during the assessment. Using our clear, easy-to-understand marking criteria examiners can assess all candidates reliably, objectively and consistently. Finally, candidates receive a mark form containing valuable feedback, with a celebratory certificate for everyone who passes.

We hope our syllabuses inspire and support your music learning or teaching. We wish you every success for your musical journey!

#### Our mission

Our mission is to enrich lives by inspiring musical achievement around the world. We do this in partnership with four Royal Schools of Music: Royal Academy of Music, Royal College of Music, Royal Northern College of Music and Royal Conservatoire of Scotland.

We are passionate about music, its value as an art form and the importance of music education. We believe that being involved with music gives people unique, positive experiences with lifelong benefits.

We offer face-to-face and digital exams, sheet music, recordings, apps and courses for students and teachers across the world. As a charity our donations encompass a range of grants, scholarships, awards, prizes and bursaries for organisations and individuals. All promote music education and support achievement, progression, creativity, diversity, inclusion, sustainability and leadership in music education.

#### Who we are

We are the Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music (ABRSM), a company registered in England and Wales (company registration number 1926395) and a registered charity (charity registration number 292182). Our registered office is at 4 London Wall Place, London EC2Y 5AU.

Find out more at www.abrsm.org.

# About this qualification specification

### What it covers

This specification provides all the relevant requirements and information teachers, candidates, parents and organisations need in order to prepare for the following qualifications in the subjects and grades covered in Section 3:

- ABRSM Level 1 Award in Practical Music (Grades 1, 2 and 3)
- ABRSM Level 2 Certificate in Practical Music (Grades 4 and 5)
- ABRSM Level 3 Certificate in Practical Music (Grades 6, 7 and 8).

It also provides information on how the exams will be assessed, their learning outcomes, and regulated qualification details.

Further details, as well as administrative information about the exams, are given in ABRSM's Exam Regulations (www.abrsm.org/examregulations) which should be read before making an exam booking.

### Validity of this specification

This specification is valid from 1 January 2023 until further notice.

We may update this specification from time to time, but will not make changes to the syllabus (Section 3) other than in exceptional circumstances. In such cases, advance notice of any changes will be posted on our website, as will advance notice of any planned syllabus refreshes. The latest version of this specification will be available from www.abrsm.org/exams.

# About our Practical Music qualifications

### **Qualification objectives**

Our Practical Music qualifications are designed for learners to demonstrate a combination of performance and other all-round musical skills and knowledge. Each grade is progressive and represents a new challenge for the learner, providing motivation and structure to develop and hone their musical skills.

Exams allow learners to receive formal recognition of the level of mastery they have achieved, and feedback to support their learning journey. Practical Music qualifications further allow learners to be rewarded and recognised for their skills in performing pieces as well as technique, notation, listening and musical perception.

### Who the qualifications are for

These qualifications are intended for learners who are interested in developing and demonstrating their all-round musical skills. Learners may be entered at any age, but those entering for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 must fulfil the prerequisite detailed on page 10.

Every effort has been made to feature a broad range of repertoire to suit and appeal to candidates of different ages, backgrounds and interests. We are committed to providing fair access to our assessments by putting in place access arrangements and reasonable adjustments for candidates with specific needs.

### Structure

Each Practical Music qualification has been carefully designed to assess all-round musical skills – technique, notation reading, listening and musical perception – as well as knowledge, understanding and creativity. At all grades, these creative skills are demonstrated through playing

of repertoire and by completing the supporting tests. Collectively, these skills enable candidates to progress to higher grades, further education, employment and other qualifications in the creative arts sector.

Candidates are required to play three Pieces from set repertoire lists and a selection of technical work, and to respond to an unseen Sight-reading test and a series of Aural tests. Marks for each component are differently weighted (the three Pieces are the same) and are awarded to each component individually.

#### **Progression route**

ABRSM Practical Music qualifications are available from Grade 1 to Grade 8, and in some subjects from Initial Grade. Each grade progresses from the previous in their level of demand. The syllabus in Section 3 of this specification details the grades available for individual subjects. It is not a requirement for any candidate to complete one grade before moving on to the next although there is a prerequisite for entering a Grade 6, 7 or 8 exam (see below).

Practical Music qualifications embed from the earliest grades the importance of developing a wide range of musicianship skills, including performing repertoire and technical work, and responding to previously unseen Sight-reading and Aural tests.

Practical Music candidates may, during their learning journey, wish to focus on their performance skills and progress across to our Music Performance suite of qualifications. These qualifications are designed for learners to demonstrate a combination of key performance-related skills such as instrumental technique and control, musical interpretation, communication, and delivery. Each grade is progressive and represents a new challenge for the learner, providing motivation and structure to hone and refine their performance skills. Music Performance qualifications further allow learners to be rewarded and recognised for their skills in delivering a whole performance, communicating musically over a sustained programme.

The nature of both sets of qualifications makes them an ideal platform from which to progress to ABRSM's diploma offer, beginning with the performance-only ARSM. ARSM gives candidates greater flexibility and responsibility in programme building as well as providing further opportunity to develop performance technique and interpretative skills while extending their repertoire.

Through a combination of live and written components, candidates at DipABRSM (Music Performance), and the higher LRSM and FRSM levels, demonstrate their performance, communication and research skills, as well as their musical knowledge and understanding. DipABRSM progresses to LRSM level and LRSM to FRSM. Further details of these can be found in Section 6 of this specification and at www.abrsm.org/diplomas.

### Prerequisite

We believe that a thorough understanding of the elements of music is essential for a full and satisfying performance at the higher grades. Our Music Theory graded exams assess candidates on their ability to identify, use and manipulate musical symbols, to study extracts and to answer questions about the elements of music. We also offer Practical Musicianship exams where, in developing their musicianship skills, candidates gain the understanding as well as the expressive and interpretative skills needed to master the musical language of the repertoire they are learning. A pass at ABRSM Grade 5 or above is required in either Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or any Practical Music solo Jazz instrument before learners can enter for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 Practical Music or Music Performance exam.

# Regulation and UCAS points (UK)

### Our regulators

ABRSM Practical Music, Music Performance and Music Theory grades, and higher-level qualifications (diplomas) are regulated in the UK by:

- Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation (Ofqual)
- Qualifications Wales
- Council for Curriculum, Examinations and Assessment (CCEA Regulation)

For further information, see www.abrsm.org/regulation.

### The Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF)

All our regulated qualifications can be found on the RQF. There are nine qualification levels in the framework, labelled in order of difficulty from Entry Level to Level 8. For further information, visit https://register.ofqual.gov.uk.

### Entry to higher education

In the UK, ABRSM's Grades 6 to 8 in Practical Music and Music Performance can contribute towards entry into higher education through the allocation of UCAS points; the table below shows the UCAS Tariff value of these grades. For further information visit www.ucas.com.

Qualification/Level	Pass	Merit	Distinction
Grade 6	8	10	12
Grade 7	12	14	16
Grade 8	18	24	30

# **Regulated qualification details**

### **Qualification titles**

The table below shows the regulated titles and qualification numbers of our Practical Music qualifications. Further information can be found at https://register.ofqual.gov.uk.

Qualification Number	Qualification Title
603/6405/1	ABRSM Entry Level Award in Practical Music (Initial Grade) (Entry 3)
603/6406/3	ABRSM Level 1 Award in Practical Music (Grade 1)
603/6407/5	ABRSM Level 1 Award in Practical Music (Grade 2)
603/6408/7	ABRSM Level 1 Award in Practical Music (Grade 3)
603/6409/9	ABRSM Level 2 Certificate in Practical Music (Grade 4)
603/6410/5	ABRSM Level 2 Certificate in Practical Music (Grade 5)
603/6411/7	ABRSM Level 3 Certificate in Practical Music (Grade 6)
603/6412/9	ABRSM Level 3 Certificate in Practical Music (Grade 7)
603/6413/0	ABRSM Level 3 Certificate in Practical Music (Grade 8)

### **Qualification size**

The table below describes the size of the Practical Music qualifications by showing the amount of time that a candidate would typically need to spend preparing for them:

- Under the guidance of a teacher (Guided Learning Hours);
- Under the guidance of a teacher and time spent preparing independently (Total Qualification Time);

and:

• The assigned credit value (which denotes the size of the qualification).

Guided Learning Hours* (GLH)	Total Qualification Time* (TQT)	Credits
8	40	4
12	60	6
18	90	9
18	120	12
24	150	15
24	180	18
36	220	22
48	270	27
54	320	32
	(GLH) 8 12 18 18 24 24 24 24 36 48	(GLH)(TQT)840126018901812024150241803622048270

\* The Guided Learning Hours and Total Qualification Time are estimates of the average amount of time that it might take a candidate to prepare for these qualifications, and should be used as guidance only; it is recognised that there will be variance dependent on each individual's level of experience and ability.

# **Regulation (Europe)**

The European Qualifications Framework (EQF) is an overarching framework that links the qualifications of different countries together and allows for comparison and translation. The EQF has eight levels across which qualifications can be mapped. The levels do not correspond directly with the UK's Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF), although they are similar.

The following table shows the level of each of ABRSM's Practical Music qualifications on the RQF and the EQF.

Qualification	RQF Level	EQF Level		
Initial Grade	Entry Level (Level 3)	Level 1		
Grade 1				
Grade 2	Level 1	Level 2		
Grade 3				
Grade 4	Level 2	Level 3		
Grade 5	Level 2	Level 3		
Grade 6				
Grade 7	Level 3	Level 4		
Grade 8				

# Regulation (Rest of world)

Information on how ABRSM exams are recognised in individual countries can be found at www. abrsm.org/regulation.

# **Qualification title referencing**

The qualifications covered by this specification are:

- ABRSM Level 1 Award in Practical Music (Grades 1, 2 and 3)
- ABRSM Level 2 Certificate in Practical Music (Grades 4 and 5)
- ABRSM Level 3 Certificate in Practical Music (Grades 6, 7 and 8).

For ease of reading, 'Practical Grade(s)' is used in place of the full qualification titles throughout the remainder of this document. Similarly, when referring to our other suite of graded performance exams, 'Performance Grade(s)' is used in place of the full qualification titles.

# 2. Practical Grades

# **Syllabuses**

### Syllabus validity

The Brass Practical Grades Syllabus is valid for exams from 1 January 2023 until further notice.

### Syllabus amendments

Any updates to the syllabus – e.g. changes to publication details or other minor corrections or clarifications – will be posted at www.abrsm.org/syllabuscorrections.

### Syllabus overlap

In the first year of any revised Practical Grades syllabus, we offer an overlap period where candidates may play specific requirements from the preceding syllabus. Information on the length of the overlap period and the requirements that it applies to is given at www.abrsm.org/overlap.

Brass candidates worldwide may play their three pieces and prepare supporting tests from the preceding Brass syllabus until 31 December 2023. All pieces must be from the same syllabus – candidates may not present a mixture from old and new syllabuses.

### The next syllabus

At the time of publication of this document, the next revision of the Brass Practical Grades Syllabus has not been scheduled. Advance notice of any planned changes to the Brass Syllabus (including syllabus overlap information) will be posted at www.abrsm.org/syllabusupdates.

# **Exam Regulations**

When preparing for an exam, it is important to read ABRSM's Exam Regulations, which set out the rules for completing the exams listed in this specification. This information is available at www.abrsm.org/examregulations.

# Malpractice and maladministration

We are committed to inspiring achievement in music. Our qualifications are used by thousands of people to support their music learning or teaching. Many people also use them when applying to study at further and higher education institutions. It is therefore vital that our qualifications remain a valuable and reliable measure of a candidate's skills and knowledge. We take any form of malpractice or maladministration very seriously.

- **Malpractice** is defined as any act that compromises or is an attempt to compromise the assessment process, the integrity of any qualification or the validity of a result or certificate. This also includes any act that damages our reputation or credibility as an awarding organisation.
- **Maladministration** is defined as any act that breaches the regulations through a mismanagement of administrative processes, particularly where such a breach could compromise the integrity of a qualification or assessment.

Applicants and candidates must follow the requirements set out in the relevant specification, Exam Regulations and all other ABRSM policies about the delivery of our exams. In cases where applicants or candidates have committed malpractice, a sanction or penalty may be given. Further information about our Malpractice and Maladministration Policy can be found at www.abrsm. org/policies.

# **Entry requirements**

There are eight grades of Practical Grades exams for each brass instrument (Bass Trombone, Grades 6 to 8 only). Candidates may be entered for any grade at any age. They do not need to have taken any earlier grade(s) in the same instrument. To enter for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 exam, candidates must already have passed one of the following:

- ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory
- ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Practical Musicianship
- ABRSM Grade 5 in any Practical Grades solo Jazz instrument

For full details, including a list of accepted alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

# Exam booking

Details of exam dates, locations, fees and how to book an exam are available online at www. abrsm.org/exambooking.

# Access (for candidates with specific needs)

We are committed to providing fair access to our assessments for candidates with specific needs by putting in place access arrangements and reasonable adjustments. There are a range of alternative tests and formats for Practical Grades as well as guidelines for candidates with specific needs (see www.abrsm.org/specificneeds for full details). Where a candidate's needs are not covered by the guidelines, each case is considered individually. Further information is available from the Access Co-ordinator (accesscoordinator@abrsm.ac.uk) or from www.abrsm.org/specificneeds.

# Exam content

Practical Grades for brass consist of six components – three Pieces, Scales and arpeggios, Sight-reading and Aural tests. Information on how marks are allocated is given on page 62.

## In the exam

#### Examiners

Generally, there will be one examiner in the exam room for Practical Grades; however a second examiner may be present for training or quality assurance purposes.

Examiners may ask to look at the candidate's or accompanist's (where applicable) copy of the music before or after the performance of a piece; a separate copy is not required.

Examiners may stop the performance of a piece when they have heard enough to make a judgment.

### Order of the exam

The individual Practical Grades exam components may be taken in any order, at the candidate's choice, although it is preferable for accompanied pieces/duets (where applicable) to be performed consecutively at the beginning of the exam.

### Tuning

At Grades 1 to 5, the teacher or accompanist may help tune the candidate's instrument before the exam begins. At Grades 6 to 8, candidates must tune their instruments themselves. Examiners are unable to help with tuning.

### Music stands

ABRSM Public Venues provide a music stand, but candidates are welcome to bring their own if they prefer. The examiner will be happy to help adjust the height or position of the stand.

### Instruments

ABRSM Public Venues provide an upright or grand piano. Candidates, other than pianists, must provide their own instrument (and any other equipment, e.g. footstools). Further detail on instruments is given in Section 3 of this specification.

### **Exam timings**

The timings in the table below show the approximate length of each Practical Grades brass exam in minutes, including the candidate's entry and exit, and time for the examiner to finish the mark form between exams. Examiners may take more or less time than the given timings.

Grade	Initial	Grade	Grades	Grades	Grade	Grade	Grade
	Grade*	1	2 & 3	4 & 5	6	7	8
Time (in mins)	12	12	14	17	20	25	30

\* Initial Grade not available for brass

# **Special consideration**

Special consideration is given to candidates who suffer temporary illness, injury or indisposition, or adverse circumstances at or near the time of the assessment that are beyond the candidate's control. This will not result in an adjustment to marks and will not change the assessment criteria applied by the examiner for the exam. Please refer to our Special Consideration Policy at www. abrsm.org/policies.

# 3. Brass Practical Grades Syllabus from 2023

# Introducing the syllabus

A number of changes have been made in the 2023 Brass Practical Grades Syllabus:

- The repertoire lists for all instruments have been refreshed, with a mixture of new and retained pieces.
- At Grades 1 to 5, a number of pieces are shared across all instruments (excluding French Horn). For ease of use, all shared pieces appear **shaded**, in the same order at the top of each list.
- The lists are now defined by musical characteristics, encouraging candidates to play a balanced selection of pieces and demonstrate a range of skills.
- Unaccompanied solos are now optional. They are included across the lists, according to their musical characteristics. Candidates may choose to perform up to two of them.
- A duet option is offered at Grades 1 to 3.
- The new scale requirements focus on technical development and progression, achieved through a realistic and manageable assessment load.
- There are new Sight-reading requirements for all brass instruments.
- At Grades 6 to 8, the Sight-reading and Transposition tests (Horn and Trumpet only) have been combined into one Sight-reading test, part of which must be transposed.
- A new Adapted Instruments Policy has been introduced; instruments adapted for beginners can now be used in exams at any grade, as long as all the exam requirements can be met.

Some key exam information has also been updated or clarified.

# Practical Grades: requirements and information

### This syllabus is valid from 1 January 2023 until further notice.

This section provides a summary of the most important points that teachers and candidates need to know when taking ABRSM Practical Grades for brass. Further details, as well as administrative information about the exams, are given in ABRSM's Exam Regulations (available at www.abrsm.org/examregulations) which should be read before making an exam booking.

### Instruments

The Practical Grades syllabus requirements have been designed for the standard instruments covered. ABRSM recognise that many learners start their musical journey by using an instrument specially adapted for younger/smaller players. We welcome the use of these instruments in our graded exams in accordance with the details set out in our Adapted Instruments Policy, available at www.abrsm.org/policies.

Please note that using an adapted instrument sounding in a key different to the standard instrument may restrict options in the Aural Tests at Grades 4 to 8 (see pages 53-57).

The repertoire lists show publication details, including clefs and where piano accompaniments are published separately. In addition, for pieces marked ‡ further information about the publications (including where parts/accompaniments are issued in different keys) is available at: www.abrsm. org/clarifications.

Other information about certain instruments covered by this syllabus is as follows.

Horn: The accompanied pieces set on the repertoire lists are published in F editions.

Some pieces are published with transposition suggestions but, in the exam, they should be played in the written keys only.

**Trumpet/B** $\triangleright$  **Cornet/Flugelhorn:** These instruments share the same repertoire lists. All the pieces are published for instruments in B $\flat$  unless otherwise indicated. Some pieces may be played on an E $\flat$ /C trumpet where the syllabus indicates a published edition (or where other suitable editions are available).

**E b Soprano Cornet:** At Grades 1 to 5, shared pieces that appear **shaded** have piano accompaniment available in E**b**. Piano accompaniments for other pieces on the list can be suitably transposed.

At Grades 6 to 8 there are a number of options for Eb instruments. Candidates may choose other pieces from the repertoire lists and adapt passages or transpose parts and/or accompaniments as necessary for their instrument.

**Related instrument option:** At all grades, candidates for any of the above four instruments (Trumpet, Bb Cornet, Eb Soprano Cornet, Flugelhorn) have the option of playing *one* piece (from any list) on one of the other three instruments. There is no advantage to be gained over other candidates in taking this option, and all the other requirements must be played using the instrument on which the candidate has entered.

**E** $\flat$  **Horn:** All the accompanied pieces set on the repertoire lists are published in E $\flat$  editions. Pieces that are also published with a part in F are indicated in the lists.

**Trombone:** There are separate syllabuses for Tenor and Bass trombones. Bass Trombone exams are available at Grades 6 to 8 only. The repertoire lists show the clefs that the pieces are published in ( $\mathcal{P}$ ,  $|\mathcal{B}|$  and/or  $\mathcal{O}$ ). If necessary, candidates may use manuscript transpositions into treble or bass clef.

Tenor trombone candidates may play their pieces on Eb Alto Trombone. Further information can be found in our Adapted Instruments Policy, available at www.abrsm.org/policies. At Grades 1 to 5, shared pieces that appear **shaded** have piano accompaniment available in Eb.

*Trombone:* At Grades 6 to 8, candidates may play *one* of their three pieces on a bass trombone (chosen from the corresponding grade of the Bass Trombone syllabus). If choosing a piece from the Bass Trombone syllabus, candidates must make sure that the requirement to play one piece from each of the three lists (A, B and C) is met. A candidate may play up to two unaccompanied solos.

*Bass Trombone:* Candidates may play *one* of their three pieces on a tenor trombone (chosen from the corresponding grade of the Trombone syllabus). If choosing a piece from the Trombone syllabus, candidates must make sure that the requirement to play one piece from each of the three lists (A, B and C) is met. A candidate may play up to two unaccompanied solos.

There is no advantage to be gained over other candidates in taking this option, and all the other requirements must be played using the trombone on which the candidate has entered.

**Baritone and Euphonium:** These instruments share the same repertoire lists. The lists show the clefs that the pieces are published in ( $\mathfrak{P}$ : and/or  $\mathfrak{G}$ ). If necessary, candidates may use manuscript transpositions into treble or bass clef. A three-valved instrument may be used at all grades. Candidates may adapt passages containing notes that require a 4th valve (where an ossia is not published).

**Tuba:** An Eb, F, Bb or C tuba may be used. Candidates may adapt passages or transpose parts and/or accompaniments as necessary for their instrument (Note: many of the pieces set on the repertoire lists are biased towards Eb tuba).

A three-valved instrument may be used at all grades. Candidates may adapt passages containing notes that require a 4th valve (where an ossia is not published).

### Pieces

Musicians learn to play an instrument to explore and perform repertoire, which is why pieces are at the core of the exam – candidates are asked to present three at each grade. The syllabus repertoire is organised into three lists that explore different traditions and styles, dating from the Renaissance period to the present day.

Choosing one piece from each list gives candidates the opportunity to play a balanced selection and demonstrate a range of skills. In this syllabus, the pieces are broadly grouped into lists by the characteristics of the music:

- List A pieces are generally faster moving and require technical agility (focus mostly on dexterity and articulation)
- List B pieces are more lyrical and invite expressive playing (focus mostly on breath control/ support and the sound made)
- List C pieces reflect a wide variety of musical traditions, styles and characters.

Most of the pieces require an accompaniment, as interacting with other musicians is an important musical skill, but there are also opportunities to choose solo pieces and develop confidence with unaccompanied playing.

We hope that by offering this variety in the syllabus, candidates will find inspiring music that they enjoy learning and performing.

**Programme planning:** Candidates must choose one piece from each of the three lists (A, B and C). In the exam, they should inform the examiner which pieces they are performing, and they are welcome to use the form on page 74 for this purpose.

Every effort has been made to feature a broad range of repertoire to suit and appeal to candidates of different ages, backgrounds and interests. Certain pieces may not be suitable for every candidate for technical reasons, other pieces may not be suitable because of wider context (historical, cultural, subject matter, lyrics if an arrangement of a song, etc.). Pieces should be carefully considered for their appropriateness to each individual, which may need consultation between teachers and parents/carers. Teachers and parents/carers should also exercise caution when allowing younger candidates to research pieces online: www.nspcc.org.uk/onlinesafety.

The repertoire lists are the same as for ABRSM Performance Grades. Candidates intending on taking both qualifications at the same grade may find their musical development benefits from preparing different pieces for each.

**Accompaniment/Duets:** A live piano or brass (where the option is listed) accompaniment is required for all pieces, except those that are published as studies or unaccompanied works.

At Grades 1 to 3, candidates may choose to perform a duet for some or all of their pieces. The pieces that are published as duets are marked **DUET** in the repertoire list and the candidate must play the part specified.

Pieces that are published with both brass and piano accompaniment options are marked DUET/PIANO in the repertoire list, and may be performed with either accompaniment in the exam.

Candidates must provide their own accompanist(s), who can only be in the exam room while accompanying. The candidate's teacher may accompany (examiners will not). If necessary, an accompanist may simplify any part of the accompaniment, as long as the result is musical. Recorded accompaniments are not allowed.

**Solos:** Unaccompanied solos are marked **SOLO** in the repertoire lists. Candidates are not required to play a solo in the exam, but may play up to two.

**Exam music & editions:** Wherever the syllabus includes an arrangement or transcription (appearing as 'arr.' or 'trans.' in the repertoire lists), the edition listed in the syllabus must be used in the exam. For all other pieces, editions are listed for guidance only and candidates may use any edition of their choice. This includes editions that are downloaded. Information on sourcing exam music is given on page 16.

**Interpreting the score:** Printed editorial suggestions such as fingering, metronome marks, realisation of ornaments, etc. do not need to be strictly observed. Whether the piece contains musical indications or not, candidates are encouraged to interpret the score in a musical and stylistic way. Examiners' marking will be determined by how control of pitch, time, tone, shape and performance contributes to the overall musical outcome.

**Repeats:** Unless the syllabus specifies differently, all da capo and dal segno indications must be followed but other repeats (including first-time bars) should not be played unless they are very short (i.e. a few bars).

**Ossias:** Where an ossia (alternative musical line or note) occurs in the music, candidates may play either option unless the syllabus specifies differently.

**Cadenzas & tuttis:** Cadenzas should not be played unless the syllabus specifies differently. Accompanists should cut lengthy orchestral tutti sections.

**Performing from memory:** Candidates may perform any of their pieces from memory; if doing so, they must make sure that a copy of the music is available for the examiner to refer to. No extra marks are awarded for playing from memory.

**Page-turns:** Examiners will be understanding if a page-turn causes a lack of continuity during a piece, and this will not affect the marking. Candidates may use an extra copy of the music or a photocopy of a section of the piece (but see 'Photocopies' below) to help with page-turns. Candidates at Grades 6 to 8 may bring a page-turner to the exam if there is no solution to a particularly awkward page-turn (prior permission is not required; the turner may be the candidate's teacher). Similarly, an accompanist for a Grade 6 to 8 exam is permitted to bring a page-turner to assist with turns in the piano part. Examiners are unable to help with page-turning.

**Photocopies & downloads:** Performing from unauthorised photocopies (or other kinds of copies) or illegal downloads of copyright music is not allowed. In the UK, copies may be used in certain limited circumstances – for full details, see the MPA's *Code of Fair Practice* at www.mpaonline. org.uk/mpa-guidelines. In all other cases, application should be made to the copyright holder before any copy is made, and evidence of permission should be brought to the exam.

Candidates and Applicants are expected to act within the law with regard to copyright. ABRSM may withhold the exam result where we have evidence of an illegal copy (or copies) being used.

**Sourcing exam music:** Exam music is available from music retailers and online, including at the ABRSM music shop: www.abrsm.org/shop. Every effort has been made to make sure that the publications listed will be available for the duration of the syllabus. We advise candidates to get their music well before the exam in case items are not kept in stock by retailers. Non-exam related questions about the music (e.g. editorial, availability) should be addressed to the relevant publisher: contact details are listed at www.abrsm.org/publishers.

### Scales and arpeggios

Playing scales and arpeggios is important for building strong technical skills such as reliable finger movement/slide control and fluency. It also helps to develop tone, pitch and interval awareness, and familiarity with keys and their related patterns. This leads to greater confidence and security when sight-reading, learning new pieces and performing – from a score or from memory, as a solo musician or with others.

Memory: All requirements must be played from memory.

**Range:** All requirements must be played from the lowest possible tonic/starting note unless the syllabus specifies differently. They must ascend and descend according to the specified range (and pattern).

Rhythm: All requirements must be played in even notes.

**Patterns:** Arpeggios and dominant sevenths are required in root position only. All dominant sevenths must finish by resolving on the tonic. Examples of scale/arpeggio etc. patterns specified in this syllabus are given on pages 19–25.

**Articulation:** Slurred requirements must be legato throughout. The choice of breathing place is left to the candidate's discretion, but the flow should be maintained as much as possible.

**Transposing instruments:** The naming of scales applies to the fingering, not the concert pitch; for example, D major for trumpet in Bb will sound in C, not D.

**In the exam:** Examiners will usually ask for at least one of each scale/arpeggio (etc.) type. Where applicable, they will ask for majors followed by minors within each type and will also ask to hear a balance of articulations across the requests as a whole. When asking for requirements, examiners will specify:

- the key<sup>†</sup> (including minor form harmonic *or* melodic in the Grades 6 to 8 scales) or the starting note
- the articulation

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**Supporting publications:** Books of the requirements are published for all brass instruments by ABRSM. Purchasing these books is not a requirement.

**Speed:** The following speeds are given as a general guide:

Trombone	Grade/Speed								
	pattern	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Scales</b> (including chromatic, extended-range & whole-tone)	Л	<b>)</b> = 44	<b>)</b> = 48	<b>]</b> = 56	= 63	<b>)</b> = 72	<b>)</b> = 96	<b>]</b> = 108	<b>]</b> = 120
Arpeggios (excluding extended-range)	<b></b>	) = 56	<b>)</b> = 63	<b>)</b> = 76	) = 88	J) = 100	<b>.</b> = 40	<b>J</b> . = 44	<b>.</b> = 48
Dominant & diminished 7ths; Extended-range arpeggios	Л				<b>)</b> = 44	<b>)</b> = 50	<b>]</b> = 56	= 66	<b>]</b> = 72
Scales in 3rds	,,						= 84	<b>J</b> = 100	<b>J</b> = 112

All other brass	Grade/Speed								
	pattern	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Scales</b> (including chromatic, extended-range & whole-tone)	Л	<b>)</b> = 50	<b>]</b> = 56	= 63	<b>)</b> = 72	<b>)</b> = 80	<b>J</b> = 104	<b>)</b> = 112	<b>)</b> = 126
Arpeggios (excluding extended-range)	<b></b>	= 66	<b>)</b> = 72	) = 84	) = 92	J) = 108	<b>.</b> = 40	<b>.</b> = 44	<b>J</b> . = 48
Dominant & diminished 7ths; Extended-range arpeggios	Л				<b>)</b> = 46	= 54	= 60	= 66	= 72
Scales in 3rds	,,						= 88	<b>J</b> = 100	<b>J</b> = 120

## Sight-reading (and transposition)

Sight-reading is a valuable skill with many benefits. Learning to sight-read helps to develop quick recognition of keys, tonality and common rhythm patterns. Strong sight-reading skills make learning new pieces quicker and easier, and also help when making music with others, so that playing in an ensemble becomes more rewarding and enjoyable.

**About the test:** Candidates will be asked to play a short unaccompanied piece of music that they have not seen before. They will be given half a minute to look through and, if they wish, try out all or any part of the test before they are asked to play it for assessment.

**Transposition (Horn and Trumpet only):** At Grades 6 to 8, the Sight-reading tests for Horn and Trumpet candidates will include a section of transposition. Candidates will be given up to half a minute in which to look through and, if they wish, try out all or any part of the test before they are required to play it for assessment.

**Parameters:** The tables on pages 26-28 show the elements that are introduced at each grade.

**Supporting publications:** For practice purposes, sample sight-reading tests are published by ABRSM. Purchasing these books is not a requirement.

**Blind or partially-sighted candidates:** Blind or partially-sighted candidates may choose an alternative test (Braille memory *or* Aural repetition) in place of the standard test, if requested at the time of booking the exam. Further information is available at www.abrsm.org/specificneeds.

### Aural tests

Listening lies at the heart of music-making and the ability to hear how music works helps with all aspects of musical development. Aural skills help with gauging the sound and balance of playing, keeping in time and playing with a sense of rhythm and pulse. These skills also help to develop a sense of pitch, musical memory and the ability to spot mistakes.

**About the test:** The requirements are the same for all brass instruments. Full details of the Aural tests are given on pages 50–57.

**Supporting publications:** For practice purposes, sample Aural tests are published by ABRSM. Examples of the tests are given in *Specimen Aural Tests* and *Aural Training in Practice*. Purchasing these books is not a requirement.

**Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates:** Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates may choose alternative tests in place of the standard tests, if requested at the time of booking the exam. Further information, including the syllabus for the alternative tests, is available at www.abrsm.org/specificneeds.

## Scale and arpeggio patterns

The examples on the following pages clarify patterns and ranges found in this syllabus. Reference should be made to the appropriate syllabus pages for the full requirements for each instrument.

## All instruments

### Scales and arpeggios

to a twelfth





one octave and down to the dominant





Melodic minor ending (Eb Soprano Cornet only)



### Scales in thirds

one octave (and similarly, two octaves)



Dominant sevenths (resolving on tonic)

one octave (and similarly, two octaves)



### Horn

### Extended-range scales

G major







E major





D harmonic minor



### **Extended-range arpeggios**

G major



E major



D minor



# Trumpet, Cornet, Flugelhorn, E♭ Horn, Baritone, Euphonium, Trombone & Tuba (أج)

### Extended-range scales

D major







Ab major

ł





G harmonic minor



### Extended-range arpeggios

D major



A♭ major



```
G minor
```



## Eb Soprano Cornet

### Extended-range scales

D major





G major





G# harmonic minor



### Extended-range arpeggios

D major



G major



G# harmonic minor



# Trombone, Baritone & Euphonium (୨)

### Extended-range scales

C major







F# major





### F harmonic minor



### Extended-range arpeggios

C major



F# major



F minor



### **Bass Trombone**

### Extended-range scales

B major



E♭ major







D harmonic minor



### Extended-range arpeggios

B major



Eb major



D minor

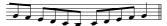


# Tuba in E♭ (೨)

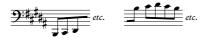
### Extended-range scales

F major





B major





Bb harmonic minor



### Extended-range arpeggios

F major



B major



Bb harmonic minor



# Sight-reading parameters

The following tables show the elements that are introduced at each grade. These parameters are presented cumulatively, i.e. once introduced they apply for all later grades (gradually progressing in difficulty). See also page 18.

	Length (bars)	Time	Other features that may be included
Grade 1	4	4/4 3/4 2/4	<ul> <li>J. J J □ note values; } rests</li> <li>notes tongued only</li> <li>f and mf</li> </ul>
Grade 2	8		<ul> <li>JJJ and J. D patterns; - rests</li> <li>articulation <ul> <li>trombone: notes tongued only</li> <li>others: notes tongued or with simple two-note slurs</li> <li>tied notes</li> <li>mp and cresc. hairpin</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Grade 3		3/8	<ul> <li>accidentals (within minor keys only)</li> <li>J.; simple semiquaver patterns; y rests</li> <li>articulation <ul> <li>trombone: as Grade 2</li> <li>others: three-note slurs</li> </ul> </li> <li>accents <ul> <li>p and dim. hairpin</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Grade 4	с. 8	6/8	<ul> <li>chromatic notes</li> <li>articulation <ul> <li>trombone: notes tongued or with simple two-note slurs</li> <li>others: four-note slurs</li> </ul> </li> <li>anacrusis <ul> <li>tenuto</li> <li>pause sign</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Grade 5	<i>c.</i> 8-16		<ul> <li>and simple syncopation</li> <li>articulation         <ul> <li>trombone: as Grade 4</li> <li>others: any combination of tongued or slurred notes</li> <li>slowing of tempo at end</li> <li>ff and pp</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Grade 6	c. 12-16	9/8 5/8 5/4	<ul> <li>changes of time signature</li> <li><sup>*</sup>/ rests</li> <li>articulation <ul> <li>all: any combination of tongued or slurred notes</li> </ul> </li> <li>triplet patterns</li> <li>slowing of tempo followed by a tempo</li> <li><i>fp</i>, <i>sf</i>, subito, cresc., dim. (written)</li> <li>swung style</li> <li>trombone: tenor clef</li> <li>transposition <ul> <li>horn: transposition into E♭</li> <li>trumpet: transposition into C</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	Length (bars)	Time	Other features that may be included
Grade 7	c. 16-20	7/8 7/4	
Grade 8	c. 16-24	12/8	<ul><li>triplet crotchets</li><li>acceleration of tempo</li><li>simple ornaments</li></ul>

### Keys

MAJORS minors	Horn	Trumpet, B♭ Cornet, E♭ Soprano Cornet, Flugelhorn, E♭ Horn, Baritone, Euphonium & Tuba &	Baritone & Euphonium 9 <sup>:</sup>	Trombone දු	Trombone 9: & Bass Trombone (Grades 6-8 only)	Tuba 🤊
Grade 1	С	С	В♭	С	B♭	E♭
	а	а	g	d	С	С
Grade 2	В♭	D, Bb	C, A♭	D, Bb	С, АЬ	F, D♭
Grade 3	G					
Grade 5	d	d	С	е	d	f
Grade 4	E♭	A	G	F	Eb	С
Glade 4	b	е	d	а	g	g
Grade 5	A, E, F	E, F, Eb	D, Eb, Db	G, E, E♭	F, D, Db	G, F <b>♯</b> , A♭
Graue 5	g, c	b, c	a, b♭	f#, c	e, b♭	d, eb
Grade 6	D	G	F	А	G	В♭
Graue o	f	f	eb	f	eb	g#
Grade 7	Ab	Ab	F#	Ab	F#	В
Graue /	е	g	f	g	f	b♭
Grade 8	Db	В	Α	В	Α	D
Graue 8	b♭	c#	b	C#	b	е

### **Ranges**†

	Horn	Trumpet, B♭ Cornet, E♭ Soprano Cornet, Flugelhorn, E♭ Horn, Baritone, Euphonium & Tuba &	Baritone & Euphonium ? <sup>:</sup>	Trombone දු	Trombone ? <sup>:</sup>	Bass Trombone	Tuba 🤊
Grade 1	c'-c"	c'-c"	B♭-b♭	с'-с"	В♭-Ь♭	_	E♭-e♭
Grade 2	b♭-d″	bb-d″	A♭-c′	b⊧-d″	A♭-c′	_	D♭-f
Grade 3	a-d″	a-d″	G-c'	b♭-e″	A♭-d′	_	C-f
Grade 4	g-e″	a-e"	G-d'	a-e″	G-d'	_	C-g
Grade 5	f-f″	a♭-f#″	F#-e'	a♭-f#″	F#-e'	_	B'-a
Grade 6	f-g″	g-g″	F-f'	g-g″	F-f'	D-c'	B♭′-b♭
Grade 7	f-a♭″	g-aþ″	F-f#′	g-a♭″	F-f#'	C-d♭′	B♭′-b
Grade 8	e-a″	g-bb″	F-a♭′	g-a <b></b> ≢	F-g#′	B♭'-d'	B♭′-d♭′

† Ranges are presented using the Helmholtz system, i.e.:



# Trombone

### GRADE 1

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14–16

Guide to Britain)         SOLO         Davis), 9 or § editions           2         Jock McKenzie: Parpetudes for Beginner Brass         Jock McKenzie: Parpetudes for Beginner Moto), 9 or § trombone editions           3         Mozart         Theme from a Musical Joke, arr. Lawrance         SOLO         Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9 trombone or § t editions           4         Trad.         The Cuckoo, arr. Lawrance         conducte to start in nound DUET/SOLO         Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9 trombone or § t editions           5         Sancho         Les Matadors (from Minuet, Cotillons and Country Dances), arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO         Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9/\$ brass edition (III)           6         Philip Sparke         Morning Minuet (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SoLO         Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Arr Music), 9/\$ edition           7         Susato         La Morisque, arr. Lawrance         Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), 9 trombone (Arr Music), 9/\$ edition           8         Anon.         Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner         Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), 9 trombone (Arr Music), 9/\$ edition           9         Philip Sparke         Marching Home (No. 7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SoLO         Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies on Trombone Technique) SoLO           8         A cher         Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance         Win Win (Brasss Wind), 9 trombone or § brass arr. Lawrance      <				
Guide to Britain)         SOLO         Davis), 9 or § editions           2         Jock McKenzie: Parputudes for Beginner Brass). upper part DUET         Jock McKenzie: Parputudes for Beginner Moto), 9 or § trombone editions           3         Mozart         Theme from a Musical Joke, arr. Lawrance SOLO         Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9 trombone or § t editions           4         Trad.         The Cuckoo, arr. Lawrance condidate to start in nound DUET/SOLO         Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9 trombone or § t editions           5         Sancho         Les Matadors (from Minuets, Cotillons and Country Dances), arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/FIANO         Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9/\$ brass edition (III)           6         Philip Sparke         Morning Minuet (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SoLO         Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Arr Music), 9/\$ edition           7         Susato         La Morisque, arr. Lawrance         Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), 9 trombone (Arr Music), 9/\$ edition           8         Anon.         Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner         Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), 9 trombone, Arr Music), 9/\$ edition           9         Philip Sparke         Marching Home (No. 7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SoLO         Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies on Trombone Technique) SoLO           8         1         Ascher         Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance         Win Win (Brass Wind), 9 trombone or § brass arr. Lawrance	(	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Brass)         upper part         DUET         Motol, % or & trombone editions           3         Mozart         Theme from a Musical Joke, arr. Lawrance         SOLD         Easy Winners (Brass Wind), % trombone or & teditions           4         Trad.         The Cuckoo, arr. Lawrance         candidate to start in round DUET/SOLO         Easy Winners (Brass Wind), % trombone or & teditions           5         Sancho         Les Matadors (from Minuets, Cotillons and County Dances), arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO         Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), % brass edition III           6         Philip Sparke         Morning Minuet (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SOLO         Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone) % trombone) SOLO           7         Susato         La Morisque, arr. Lawrance         Winners Cores All (Brass Wind), % trombone, An Music.), % & edition           8         Anon.         Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner         Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), % trombone, An Music.), % & edition           9         Philip Sparke         Marching Home (No.7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone I soco         Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies on Trombone Technique)           8         1         Ascher         Alice (Therme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance         Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies on Trombone or & brass arr. Lawrance           1         Inom Davoren         One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance         Shining Br	1 l			Lizzie Davis: The Brass Player's Guide to Britain (Lizzie Davis), $\mathcal P$ or $\S$ editions
<ul> <li>editions</li> <li>editions</li> <li>Frad. The Cuckoo, arr. Lawrance candidate to start in round DUETYOLO</li> <li>Sancho Les Matadors (from Minuets, Cotillons and Country Dances), arr. Frith upper part in duet DUETYPIANO</li> <li>Philip Sparke Morring Minuet (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) soLO</li> <li>Philip Sparke Morring Minuet (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) soLO</li> <li>Susato La Morisque, arr. Lawrance</li> <li>Anon. Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner</li> <li>Philip Sparke Marching Home (No.7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) soLO</li> <li>Anon. Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner</li> <li>Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Arr Music), 9/Å edition</li> <li>Anon. Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner</li> <li>Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Arr Music), 9/Å edition</li> <li>Adrian Taylor A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone Technique) soLO</li> <li>Adrian Taylor A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Music), 9/ e ditions</li> <li>Ascher Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance</li> <li>L Bernstein One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance</li> <li>Tom Davoren Romanza</li> <li>Tom Davoren Romanza</li> <li>Tom Davoren Waltz for E.</li> <li>Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9/Å brass editions</li> <li>Musch prepart in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>H. Parker Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>J. S. Bach Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)</li> <li>Brass Mixi 1 (ABRSM), 9/Å brass edition III</li> <li>J. S. Bach Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)</li> <li>Peter Graham Paris (No.2 from Cityscapes)</li> </ul>	2		Brass) upper part DUET	
round       DUETYSOLO       editions         5       Sancho       Les Matadors (from Minuets, Cotillons and Country Dances), arr. Frith upper part in duet DUETYPIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass edition III)         6       Philip Sparke       Morning Minuet (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SOLO       Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Arr Music), 9% edition         7       Susato       La Morisque, arr. Lawrance       Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), 9* trombone of editions III)         8       Anon.       Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner       Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), 9* trombone, Bb & brass editions         9       Philip Sparke       Marching Home (No. 7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SOLO       Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Arr Trombone) SOLO         10       Adrian Taylor       A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) SOLO       Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) SOLO         2       L. Bernstein       One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance       Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9* trombone or & brass III         3       Tom Davoren       Romanza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass editions         4       Tom Davoren       Romanza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass editions         5       W. H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUETYPIANO       Farmous Hymns and Marches (Warw	3	Mozart	Theme from a Musical Joke, arr. Lawrance solo	editions
Country Dances), arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO         Philip Sparke       Morning Minuet (No.1 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) soto       Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Music), 9/% edition         Susato       La Morisque, arr. Lawrance       Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), 9' trombone of editions III         Anon.       Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner       Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), 9' trombone, Bi & brass editions         Philip Sparke       Marching Home (No. 7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) soto       Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies or Trombone (An Music), 9/% edition         Adrian Taylor       A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) soto       Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique soto         In Ascher       Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance       Win Win (Brass Wind), 9' trombone or & brass arr. Lawrance         In Davoren       Romaza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9/ & brass editions         In Tom Davoren       Romaza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9/ & brass edition         Win H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         In Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9/ & brass edition III)         In Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9/ & brass edition III)	4			
Trombone)       SOLO       Music), 9/% edition         7       Susato       La Morisque, arr. Lawrance       Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), 9 trombone of editions III)         8       Anon.       Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner       Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), 9 trombone, Bb & brass editions         9       Philip Sparke       Marching Home (No. 7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) solo       Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone) solo         10       Adrian Taylor       A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Music), 9/% edition       Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) solo         8       1       Ascher       Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance       Win Win (Brass Wind), 9 trombone or & brass arr. Lawrance         2       L. Bernstein       One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance       Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9 trombone or & brass editions III         3       Tom Davoren       Romanza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9/% brass edition         4       Tom Davoren       Waltz for E.       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9/% brass editions III         5       W. H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         6       H. Parker       Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9/% brass edition III         7	5 5		Country Dances), arr. Frith upper part in duet	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), ୨∕ Å brass edition ₪
<ul> <li>editions III</li> <li>Anon. Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), 9 trombone, Bb &amp; brass editions</li> <li>Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone) SOLO</li> <li>Adrian Taylor</li> <li>A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Music), 9% edition</li> <li>Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) SOLO</li> <li>Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) SOLO</li> <li>Ascher</li> <li>Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance</li> <li>L. Bernstein</li> <li>One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9' trombone or &amp; brass arr. Lawrance</li> <li>Tom Davoren Romanza</li> <li>Tom Davoren Romanza</li> <li>Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass editions</li> <li>W. H. Monk Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>H. Parker</li> <li>Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>Trad. Chinese Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>J. S. Bach</li> <li>Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)</li> <li>Peter Graham Paris (No.2 from Cityscapes)</li> <li>Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (Comusic), 9% edition</li> </ul>	6			
9       Philip Sparke       Marching Home (No. 7 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) soco       Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Music), 9:/∮ edition         10       Adrian Taylor       A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) soco       Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) soco         B       1       Ascher       Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance       Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone or & brass arr. Lawrance         2       L. Bernstein       One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance       Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9: trombone or & brass arr. Lawrance         3       Tom Davoren       Romanza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9:/§ brass editions         4       Tom Davoren       Waltz for E.       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9:/§ brass editions         5       W. H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         7       Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9:/§ brass edition III)         8       J. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boose Hawkes), 9: frombone or § Bb Brass Band Instru- editions         9       Peter Graham       Paris (No.2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (G Music), 9:/§ edition <td>7 9</td> <td>Susato</td> <td>La Morisque, arr. Lawrance</td> <td>Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), <math display="inline">\mathfrak{P}</math> trombone or <math display="inline">\clubsuit</math> brass editions <math display="inline">{I\!I\!I}</math></td>	7 9	Susato	La Morisque, arr. Lawrance	Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\clubsuit$ brass editions ${I\!I\!I}$
Trombone)       SOLO       Music), 9/% edition         10       Adrian Taylor       A Short March for Short Arms (No.1 from Simple Studies on Trombone Technique)       Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Te (Warwick Music), 9' or § editions         B       1       Ascher       Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance       Win Win (Brass Wind), 9' trombone or § brass mr. Lawrance         2       L. Bernstein       One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance       Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9' trombone or § treditions         3       Tom Davoren       Romanza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9'/§ brass editions         4       Tom Davoren       Waltz for E.       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9'/§ brass editions         5       W. H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions         6       H. Parker       Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9'/§ brass edition         7       Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9'/§ brass edition         8       J. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boose) Hawkes), 9' trombone or § Bb Brass Band Instru- editions         9       Peter Graham       Paris (No.2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instr	8 /	Anon.	Going Up Camborne Hill, arr. Tanner	
Simple Studies on Trombone Technique)       SOLO       (Warwick Music), 9' or § editions         B       1       Ascher       Alice (Theme from Open All Hours), arr. Lawrance       Win Win (Brass Wind), 9' trombone or § brass III         2       L. Bernstein       One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance       Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9' trombone or § transport         3       Tom Davoren       Romanza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9'/§ brass editions         4       Tom Davoren       Waltz for E.       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9'/§ brass editions         5       W. H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         6       H. Parker       Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         7       Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9'/§ brass edition III)         8       J. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boose Hawkes), 9' trombone or § Bb Brass Band Instru- editions         9       Peter Graham       Paris (No.2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (G Music), 9'/§ edition	9			Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Anglo Music), 9:/& edition
arr. Lawrance       III         2       L. Bernstein       One Hand, One Heart (from West Side Story), arr. Lawrance       Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9' trombone or & be editions III         3       Tom Davoren       Romanza       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9'/& brass edit         4       Tom Davoren       Waltz for E.       Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9'/& brass edit         5       W. H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         6       H. Parker       Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         7       Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9'/& brass edition III         8       J. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boose Hawkes), 9' trombone or & Bb Brass Band Instrueditions         9       Peter Graham       Paris (No.2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (GMusic), 9'/& edition	10 /			Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique (Warwick Music), <b>?</b> or § editions
arr. Lawrance       editions III         arr. Lawrance       editions III         arr. Lawrance       editions III         arr. Lawrance       editions III         arr. Lawrance       shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass edit         Tom Davoren       Waltz for E.         Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass edit         W. H. Monk       Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet         DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music         editions III       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music         editions III       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music         editions III       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music         DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass edition III         DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass edition III         DUET/PIANO       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boos         H. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boos         Hawkes), 9* trombone or & Bb Brass Band Instrueditions       Peter Graham       Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)         Peter Graham       Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (CMusic), 9% edition	1 /			Win Win (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or ${\ensuremath{\pounds}}$ brass editions ${\ensuremath{}}$
<ul> <li>4 Tom Davoren Waltz for E. Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), ?/<sup>2</sup>/<sub>2</sub> brass edit</li> <li>5 W. H. Monk Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>6 H. Parker Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>7 Trad. Chinese Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>8 J. S. Bach Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)</li> <li>9 Peter Graham Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)</li> <li>9 Peter Graham Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)</li> </ul>	2 [			Easy Winners (Brass Wind), $\mathscr{P}$ trombone or ${\&}$ brass editions 🎹
<ul> <li>5 W. H. Monk Eventide, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>6 H. Parker Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>7 Trad. Chinese Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO</li> <li>8 J. S. Bach Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)</li> <li>9 Peter Graham Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)</li> <li>9 Peter Graham Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)</li> <li>Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)</li> </ul>	3	Tom Davoren	Romanza	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 🥍 🎖 brass edition 🎹
6       DUET/PIANO       editions III         6       H. Parker       Deep Harmony, arr. Douglas upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music editions III)         7       Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), ?/% brass edition III)         8       J. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boos Hawkes), ? trombone or & Bb Brass Band Instru- editions         9       Peter Graham       Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (G Music), ?/ & edition	4	Tom Davoren	Waltz for E.	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 🥍 brass edition 🎹
DUET/PIANO       editions III         Trad. Chinese       Xiao Baicai, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO       Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9% brass edition III         B       J. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boosey Hawkes), 9 trombone or & Bb Brass Band Instru- editions         Peter Graham       Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (G Music), 9% edition	5			Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{P}$ or Bb editions $\mathrm{I\!I\!I}$
B       DUET/PIANO         8       J. S. Bach       Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)       Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boosey Brass Band Instrueditions         9       Peter Graham       Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (GMusic), 9'/g edition	6			
9       Peter Graham       Paris (No. 2 from Cityscapes)       Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (G Music), 9'/g edition	7			Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), $\mathfrak{P}/$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
Music), 🤈 🗸 edition	8	J. S. Bach	Chorale (from St. Matthew Passion) (arr.)	Boosey Brass Method, Repertoire Book B (Boosey & Hawkes), 🎔 trombone or 🤌 Bb Brass Band Instruments editions
10 Human and in all Evansian Desure (frame Ultracel and Castel) (Minana Second All (Desure Mind) Otherscharter	9	Peter Graham	Paris (No.2 from Cityscapes)	
arr. Lawrance with repeats editions III	10		Evening Prayer (from Hänsel und Gretel), arr. Lawrance with repeats	Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\ensuremath{\pounds}$ brass editions $\ensuremath{\mathbbm}$
C 1 Lizzie Davis Beefy Bongo (from <i>Polished Brass</i> ) solo Lizzie Davis: Polished Brass (Brass Wind), 9: or editions	1 l	Lizzie Davis	Beefy Bongo (from Polished Brass) SOLO	Lizzie Davis: Polished Brass (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ or § brass editions
2 Jock McKenzie Bratwursts (from Parpetudes for Beginner Brass) upper part DUET Jock McKenzie: Parpetudes for Beginner Brass Moto), 9: or & trombone editions	2			Jock McKenzie: Parpetudes for Beginner Brass (Con Moto), 🌶 or 👌 trombone editions
Meechan			One, Two, Three! solo	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), ୨:/န္စိ brass edition
4 David A. Strollin' Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 9⁄ ∕ ∳ brass edit Stowell			Strollin'	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), $\mathfrak{K} \otimes \mathfrak{S}$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
5 Mark A Small Step (No.1 from <i>Easy Jazzy 'Tudes</i> ) Mark Nightingale: Easy Jazzy 'Tudes (Warwick or ∳ trombone editions				Mark Nightingale: Easy Jazzy 'Tudes (Warwick Music), $\mathcal P$ or § trombone editions

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
6	Rendall & Thomas	Birdie Song, arr. Lawrance	Winners Galore (Brass Wind), 🄈 trombone or 👌 brass editions 🎟
7	C. M. Smith & B. Johnson	The Barnyard Rag, arr. Pankhurst upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), $\mathscr{P}/{2 \over 8}$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
8	African- American Spiritual	All Night, All Day, arr. Lawrance	Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 9 <sup>°</sup> trombone or & brass editions III
9	Pam Wedgwood	Wrap It Up (from Really Easy Jazzin' About for Trombone)	Pam Wedgwood: Really Easy Jazzin' About for Trombone (Faber), $\mathscr{P}/$ edition
10	Zimmer & Morris	I've Got My Eye On You (from Pirates of the Caribbean), arr. Lawrance	Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ trombone or § brass editions $I\!I\!I$

#### SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details see pages 16-17

Bass clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION	
SCALES			
B♭ major			
G minor (natural or harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	tongued	
ARPEGGIOS			
B♭ major	1 o ct		
G minor	— 1 oct.	tongued	
Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION	
SCALES			
C major			
A minor (natural or harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	tongued	
ARPEGGIOS			
C major	— 1 oct.	tongued	

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 51

### GRADE 2

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14–16

		pages i i io		
		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	Howard Goodall	Blackadder Theme, arr. Lawrance	Winners Galore (Brass Wind), 🌶 trombone or 🌡 brass editions 🎹
	2	Jock McKenzie	Rigaudon (from Parpetudes for Beginner Brass) solo	Jock McKenzie: Parpetudes for Beginner Brass (Con Moto), 🄈 or 👌 trombone editions
	3	R. & R. Sherman	It's a Small World, arr. Lawrance	Win Win (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\&$ brass editions $\blacksquare$
	4	Tchaikovsky	Overture (from The Nutcracker), arr. Lawrance	Win Win (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\S$ brass editions
	5	E. Smyth & C. M. Hamilton	The March of the Women, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 🥍 🍐 brass edition 🎟
	6	Philip Sparke	The Big Apple (No.11 from <i>Skilful Studies for</i> Trombone) <b>SOLO</b>	Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Anglo Music), $\mathfrak{P}/\mathfrak{G}$ edition
	7	Trad. Welsh	Men of Harlech, arr. Lawrance or arr. Sparke upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), <b>?</b> trombone or § brass editions <b>!!!</b> or No. 58 from Starter Duets for Trombones or Euphoniums (Anglo Music), <b>?</b> : or § editions
	8	J. S. Bach	Minuet, arr. Adam & Hannickel	No.13 from Tons of Tunes from the Classics for Bassoon/ Trombone/Euphonium (Curnow Music), 9% deition III
	9	Bartók	Play (from For Children, Vol. 1), arr. Harris & Miller	Time Pieces for Trombone, Vol. 1 (ABRSM), 9:1/6 edition
	10	Osborne & Simon May	Eastenders, arr. Lawrance	Easy Winners (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\S$ brass editions 🎹
В	1	Alden	On a Southern Balcony (No. 4 from Southland Sketches), arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), $\mathfrak{P}/$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
	2	Irvine	Crimond, arr. Douglas upper part in duet	Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{P}$ or Bb $\mathfrak{A}$ editions III
	3	Andrew Lloyd Webber	Love Changes Everything (from <i>Aspects of Love</i> ), arr. Lawrance	editions 🎹
	4	Mozart	Aria (from The Marriage of Figaro), arr. Lawrance	editions 🎹
	5	John Rutter	A Clare Benediction, arr. Lawrance	Win Win (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ trombone or ${\mathcal E}$ brass editions
	6	Philip Sparke	My Lady's Pavan	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 🥍 🌡 brass edition 🎹
	7	David A. Stowell	A Walk in the Rain	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}/d$ brass edition 🎹
	8	Anon.	The Pool of Pilate, arr. Tanner	Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), $\mathscr{P}$ trombone/tuba or Bb & brass editions
	9	Mercury	We Are the Champions, arr. Lawrance	Easy Winners (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\S$ brass editions 🎹
	10	Purcell	Fairest Isle (from <i>King Arthur</i> ), arr. Harris & Miller	Time Pieces for Trombone, Vol. 1 (ABRSM), 9:1/ edition
С	1	African- American Spiritual	Wade in the Water, arr. Pankhurst upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 🏸 🆧 brass edition 🎟
	2	Blakeson	Chickpea (No.11 from Smooth Groove) SOLO	Blakeson: Smooth Groove for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\ensuremath{\pounds}$ editions
	3	Lizzie Davis	Itchy Scratchy (from Polished Brass) SOLO	Lizzie Davis: Polished Brass (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint$ brass editions
	4	Dave Gale	Swinging Janos (from JazzFX) upper part in duet	Dave Gale: JazzFX for Trombone (Brass Wind), 🤊 or 🌡

PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
The Bare Necessities (from <i>The Jungle Book</i> ), arr. Lawrance	Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ trombone or ${\& \ }$ brass editions ${ m I\!I\!I}$
ie Latin a Go Go (from The Jock McKenzie Tutor Book for Young Brass Players, Book 1) upper part DUET	The Jock McKenzie Tutor Book for Young Brass Players, Book 1 (Con Moto), ${\mathcal P}$ euphonium/trombone or $\oint$ editions
The Nuthatch (No. 6 from Easy Jazzy 'Tudes)	Mark Nightingale: Easy Jazzy 'Tudes (Warwick Music), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint$ trombone editions
Go Down Moses, arr. Harris & Miller	Time Pieces for Trombone, Vol. 1 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}/\&$ edition
High Street SOLO	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 🏸 🍐 brass edition
Easy Tiger (from Really Easy Jazzin' About for Trombone)	Pam Wedgwood: Really Easy Jazzin' About for Trombone (Faber), ን∕∲ edition
	The Bare Necessities (from The Jungle Book), arr. Lawrance         ie Latin a Go Go (from The Jock McKenzie Tutor Book for Young Brass Players, Book 1) upper part DUET         The Nuthatch (No. 6 from Easy Jazzy 'Tudes) solo         Go Down Moses, arr. Harris & Miller         High Street SOLO         Easy Tiger (from Really Easy Jazzin' About for

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details see pages 16-17

Bass clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
SCALES		
Ab, C majors		
G, C minors (natural or harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	tongued
ARPEGGIOS		
Ab, C majors	1 oct	tonguad
G, C minors	1 oct.	tongued
Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
SCALES		
B♭, D majors	1 oct.	
A, D minors (natural or harmonic or melodic,		tongued
at candidate's choice)		
at candidate's choice) ARPEGGIOS		
	1 oct.	tongued

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 52

### GRADE 3

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14–16

		pages 14-10		
		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	Aldridge	On Parade, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}/{c g}$ brass edition ${ m I\!I\!I}$
	2	Tom Davoren	Rondo Olympia	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), 🥍 🎖 brass edition 🎹
	3	Peter Meechan	Summer Sound solo	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}/rac{2}{3}$ brass edition
	4	Patrick Doyle	Hogwart's March (from Harry Potter and the Goblet of Fire), arr. Lawrance	P.19 from Win Win (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ trombone or $\oint$ brass editions $\blacksquare$
	5	Dave Gale	Mellowdrama (from JazzFX) upper part in duet DUET/SOLO	Dave Gale: JazzFX for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	6	Jock McKenzie	Russian Ballet (from The Jock McKenzie Tutor Book for Young Brass Players, Book 2)	The Jock McKenzie Tutor Book for Young Brass Players, Book 2 (Con Moto), <b>9</b> : euphonium/trombone or § editions
	7	Philip Sparke	Rondino (No. 22 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) solo	Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Anglo Music), 9:/슈 edition
	8	Haydn	Rondino, arr. Mowat	Slide Show for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or ${}^{c}_{\Phi}$ editions
	9	Christopher Mowat	The Parson's Nose	Slide Show for Trombone (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ or ${\car{de}}$ editions
	10	Mouret	Rondeau, arr. Adam & Hannickel	No. 27 from Tons of Tunes from the Classics for Bassoon/ Trombone/Euphonium (Curnow Music), $\mathfrak{P}/$ edition $\mathbbm$
B	1	Andersson & Ulvaeus	I have a dream, arr. Lawrance	Win Win (Brass Wind), $\mathscr{P}$ trombone or $\&$ brass editions
	2	Shostakovich	Waltz (from Jazz Suite No. 2), arr. Lawrance	P.18 from Win Win (Brass Wind), $\mathscr{P}$ trombone or § brass editions $\blacksquare$
	3	S. Coleridge- Taylor	Oh, the Summer, arr. Frith upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), ୨∕ీ brass edition ₪
	4	F. Price	The Deserted Garden, arr. Pankhurst upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), 9:/ & brass edition 🎟
	5	Fauré	Pavane, arr. Lawrance	Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 🍠 trombone or 🧔 brass editions 🎟
	6	Lucy Pankhurst	Sicilienne	Shining Brass, Book 1 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}/$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
	7	Holst	Jupiter (from The Planets), arr. Lawrance	Easy Winners (Brass Wind), 🍠 trombone or 셝 brass editions 🎟
	8	Andrew Lloyd Webber	Close Every Door to Me, arr. Lawrance	Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), 9 <sup>:</sup> trombone <i>or &amp;</i> brass editions 🎟
	9	Tchaikovsky	Reverie, arr. Lawrance	Winner Scores All (Brass Wind), 9 <sup>:</sup> trombone <i>or &amp;</i> brass editions 🎟
	10	MacDowell	To a Wild Rose (from <i>Woodland Sketches</i> ), arr. Harris & Miller	Time Pieces for Trombone, Vol. 1 (ABRSM), $\mathfrak{P}/{s}$ edition
С	1	Alford	Colonel Bogey, arr. Douglas upper part in duet; with repeat DUET/PIANO	Famous Hymns and Marches (Warwick Music), ୨ <sup>:</sup> or Bb 🎸 editions 🎹
	2	Maurice Arnold	A Canadian Boat Song, arr. Pankhurst upper part in duet DUET/PIANO	Brass Mix 1 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
	3	Dave Gale	Heads Up (from JazzFX) upper part in duet DUET/SOLO	Dave Gale: JazzFX for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\&$ editions
	4	Gershwin	They all laughed, arr. Lawrance	Win Win (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ trombone or § brass editions ${ m I\!I}$
	5	Joplin	Easy Winners, arr. Lawrance	Easy Winners (Brass Wind), ${\mathfrak P}$ trombone or ${\& \}$ brass editions ${ m I\!I}$

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
6	Monty Norman	James Bond Theme, arr. Lawrance	Easy Winners (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ trombone or ${\mathcal E}$ brass editions 🎹
7	Jock McKenzie	Fiesta for Fun (from <i>The Jock McKenzie Tutor</i> Book for Young Brass Players, Book 2) upper part DUET	The Jock McKenzie Tutor Book for Young Brass Players, Book 2 (Con Moto), ${\cal P}$ euphonium/trombone or ${\&}$ editions
8	Peter Graham	New York (No. 5 from Cityscapes) grace note optional	Peter Graham: Cityscapes for Bb Instrument (Gramercy Music), $\mathfrak{P}/{\ensuremath{}}$ edition
	Mark Nightingale	The Software Stroll (No. 3 from Jazz@Etudes for Trombone) soLO	Mark Nightingale: Jazz@Etudes for Trombone (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{P}$ or § editions
10	Adrian Taylor	The Boxing Match (No.18 from Simple Studies on Trombone Technique) SOLO	Adrian Taylor: Simple Studies on Trombone Technique (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\mathfrak{F}$ editions

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details see pages 16-17

Bass clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION	
SCALES			
Db, D majors			
Bb, D minors (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	tongued	
CHROMATIC SCALE			
starting on C	1 oct.	tongued	
ARPEGGIOS			
Db, D majors	1+	As many and	
Bb, D minors	— 1 oct.	tongued	

Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION	
SCALES			
E♭, E majors			
C, E minors (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	tongued	
CHROMATIC SCALE			
starting on D	1 oct.	tongued	
ARPEGGIOS			
Eb, E majors	1 1		
C, E minors	– 1 oct.	tongued	

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 52

### GRADE 4

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14–16

		pages 14-10		
		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	John Frith	Jiggedy Jig	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), 🥍 🌡 brass edition 🎹
	2	Lucy Pankhurst	Folk Song	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), $\mathfrak{P}/\$$ brass edition ${ m I\!I\!I}$
	3	R. Goodwin	633 Squadron, arr. Lawrance	Great Winners (Brass Wind), $\mathscr{P}$ trombone or $\&$ brass editions 🎟
	4	Andrea Price	Rapscallion	Brass Mix 2 (ABRSM), 🥍 🎖 brass edition 🎹
	5	E. Bernstein	Great Escape March, arr. Lawrance	Great Winners (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ trombone or ${{}^{\ell}_{\!\!\!\! S}}$ brass editions 🎹
	6	D. Bourgeois	Moderato (No.5 from Bone of Contention) solo	D. Bourgeois: Bone of Contention (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ or ${\&}$ editions
	7	MA. Charpentier	Prelude to Te Deum, arr. Mowat lower line in ossia	Savoir Faire for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), 9: or & editions
	8	Eric Crees & Peter Gane	Gavotte (No. 6.6 from How Trombonists Do It) SOLO	Eric Crees & Peter Gane: How Trombonists Do It (Brass Wind), $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$ edition
	9	Philip Sparke	Ursa Major (No.37 from Skilful Studies for Trombone) SOLO	Philip Sparke: Skilful Studies for Trombone (Anglo Music), $\mathcal{P}/$ edition
	10	Warlock	Basse Dance (from Capriol Suite), arr. Mowat	Slide Show for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\S$ editions
B	1	Chris Augustine	Sunday at the Boulevard	Brass Mix 2 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}/$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
	2	Peter Graham	Doyle's Lament (from Call of the Cossacks)	Peter Graham: Gramercy Lyric Album Bb (Gramercy Music), $\mathfrak{P}/{}^{\delta}$ edition
	3	Grieg	Solveig's Song (from Peer Gynt), arr. Lawrance	Great Winners (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\&$ brass editions 🎟
	4	David A. Stowell	Open Plains	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), 🏸 🎖 brass edition 🎟
	5	Anon.	Sweet Nightingale, arr. Tanner	Cornish Pastiche (Spartan Press), 9 <sup>:</sup> trombone/tuba or B♭ & brass editions
	6	Molloy	Love's Old Sweet Song, arr. Wills	The Victorian Trombone (Faber), $\mathfrak{P}/$ edition
	7	Mozart	Adagio, arr. Sparke	No.15 from Skilful Solos for Trombone (Anglo Music), $\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{G}$ edition
	8	Philip Sparke	Thinking of You	No.17 from Skilful Solos for Trombone (Anglo Music), ジノ gedition
	9	Sondheim	Send in the Clowns, arr. Iveson	A Little Light Music for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	10	Trad.	Amazing Grace, arr. Lusher	No.3 from Don Lusher's Trombone Album (Boosey & Hawkes), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
С	1	Lizzie Davis	Solar Shorts (from Polished Brass) SOLO	Lizzie Davis: Polished Brass (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint$ brass editions
	2	Alberto Dominguez	Frenesì, arr. Lawrance	Great Winners (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\S$ brass editions 🎹
	3	Shanti Paul Jayasinha	Cumbianita para ti	Brass Mix 2 (ABRSM), 🥍 brass edition 🎟
	4	Joplin	The Entertainer, arr. Lawrance SOLO	Winners Galore (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\&$ brass editions
	5	Mark Nightingale	L'il Basie (No.13 from Easy Jazzy Styles)	Mark Nightingale: Easy Jazzy Styles (Warwick Music), ${\it 9}$ trombone or § Bb brass editions
	6	Gershwin	Summertime, arr. lveson	A Little Light Music for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\xi$ editions

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
7	Jock McKenzie	Tarantella (from Music Makes the World Go Around) SOLO	Jock McKenzie: Music Makes the World Go Around (Con Moto), $\mathcal P$ or $\oint$ editions
8	S. K. Russell & Borroso	Brazil, arr. Ramskill	Latino for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
9	Rob Wiffin	Stroll (No. 2 from 20 Trombone Teasers) SOLO	Rob Wiffin: 20 Trombone Teasers (Studio Music), 가/승 edition
10	John Williams	Hedwig's Theme (from <i>Harry Potter and the</i> Sorcerer's/Philosopher's Stone), arr. Galliford, Neuburg & Edmondson	Ultimate Movie Instrumental Solos for Trombone (Alfred), $\mathcal P$ edition ${\mathfrak S}$

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 16-17 & 19

Bass clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
SCALES		
F, D♭ majors	1 oct.	
Ab major	a 12th	
Eb major	•	
Eb minor (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	tongued
E minor (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.*	
G minor (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	a 12th	
CHROMATIC SCALE		
starting on D	1 oct.	tongued
ARPEGGIOS		
F, Db majors	1 oct.	
Ab major	a 12th	
E♭ major	•	tongued
Eb minor	1 oct.	longueu
E minor	1 oct.*	
G minor	a 12th	
DOMINANT SEVENTH (resolving on tonic)		
in the key of B♭	1 oct.	tongued
<ul> <li>one octave and down to the dominant</li> <li>starting an octave above lowest tonic</li> </ul>		
Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
SCALES		
G, Eb majors	1 oct.	
B♭ major	a 12th	
F major	•	
F minor (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.	tongued
F# minor (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	1 oct.*	
A minor (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	a 12th	

Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
CHROMATIC SCALE		
starting on E	1 oct.	tongued
ARPEGGIOS		
G, Eb majors	1 oct.	
B♭ major	a 12th	-
F major	•	tonguad
F minor	1 oct.	tongued
F# minor	1 oct.*	-
A minor	a 12th	-
DOMINANT SEVENTH (resolving on tonic)		
in the key of C	1 oct.	tongued

• one octave and down to the dominant

\* starting an octave above lowest tonic

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 53

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14–16

	_	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	Callum Au	Lethe	Brass Mix 2 (ABRSM), 9:/& brass edition III
	2	Bizet	Chanson bohème, arr. Lawrance	Great Winners (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ trombone or $\&$ brass editions $\mathbbmmmu$
	3	David A. Stowell	Jam Bouree	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), $\mathfrak{P}/\$$ brass edition $ar{\mathbbm}$
	4	Peter Meechan	Final Thought	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), $\mathcal{P}/\&$ brass edition $\mathbbm$
	5	attrib. C. P. E. Bach	March, arr. Mowat	Bach for Trombone (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ or ${\&}$ editions
	6	J. S. Bach	Quia fecit mihi magna (from <i>Magnificat</i> , BWV 243), arr. Yeo without trill	Trombone Essentials (G. Schirmer), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition
	7	S. de Haan	March (No. 3 from Four Easy Pieces)	S. de Haan: Four Easy Pieces (Warwick Music), 9: edition
	8	Handel	The Conquering Hero (from Judas Maccabaeus), arr. Mowat	Get a Handel on It for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\S$ editions
	9	Purcell	Rondo (from Abdelazar), arr. Mowat with repeats	Slide Show for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\S$ editions
	10	Sullivan	Rataplan! (from Cox and Box), arr. Wills	The Victorian Trombone (Faber), 9:/& edition
В	1	Peter Graham	Lady Stewart's Air	Peter Graham: Gramercy Favourites Bb (Gramercy Music), 9:16 edition
	2	Shanti Paul Jayasinha	By the River	Brass Mix 2 (ABRSM), 9:/ & brass edition III
	3	Lucy Pankhurst	Gone, Not Forgotten	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), 9:/& brass edition 🎟
	4	John Frith	Canzona	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), 🥍 🌡 brass edition 🎹
	5	Beethoven	Romanze, arr. Klaschka	lt's T(rombone) Time (Doblinger), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition
	6	Dave Gale	Waltz for Woody (from <i>JazzFX</i> ) SOLO	Dave Gale: JazzFX for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	7	Charles Ingram	Gently flowing (2nd movt from Sonatina No. 2 for Trombone)	Charles Ingram: Sonatina No. 2 for Trombone (Cimarron Music Press), $\boldsymbol{9}$ edition
	8	Mozart	Agnus Dei (from <i>Litaniae Lauretanae, K.</i> 109), arr. Harris & Miller	Time Pieces for Trombone, Vol. 2 (ABRSM), $2?/{2\over 2}$ edition
	9	Mark Nightingale	Junk Email Blues (No.18 from Jazz@Etudes for Trombone) solo	Mark Nightingale: Jazz@Etudes for Trombone (Warwick Music), $\mathcal P$ or § editions
	10	Rob Wiffin	Simple Song (No. 5 from 20 Trombone Teasers) SOLO	Rob Wiffin: 20 Trombone Teasers (Studio Music), $\mathscr{P}/$ edition
С	1	Mark Nightingale	The Turkey (No. 22 from <i>Easy Jazzy 'Tudes</i> ) solo	Mark Nightingale: Easy Jazzy 'Tudes (Warwick Music), $\mathcal{P}$ or ${}^{\diamond}_{6}$ trombone editions
	2	Shri Sriram	Koli	Brass Mix 2 (ABRSM), 🥍 🎖 brass edition 🎹
	3	John Williams	Raiders March (from <i>Raiders of the Lost Ark</i> ), arr. Lawrance or arr. Galliford, Neuburg & Edmondson	Great Winners (Brass Wind), 𝔅 trombone or أَلْ brass editions ▥ or Ultimate Movie Instrumental Solos for Trombone (Alfred), 𝔅 edition ⊕
	4	John Williams	The Imperial March (Darth Vader's Theme) (from <i>Star Wars</i> ), arr. Galliford, Neuburg & Edmondson	Ultimate Movie Instrumental Solos for Trombone (Alfred), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition $\mathfrak{S}$
	5	African- American Spiritual	l've got peace like a river, arr. Trigg	No.9 from Star Search, Book 1 (Salvationist Publishing), $\oint\limits_{\mathbb{R}} {\rm edition}$
	6	Bernie, Pinkard & K. Casey	Sweet Georgia Brown, arr. Iveson	Stranger on the A Train for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\&$ editions

Piano accompaniment published separately

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€ Piano accompaniment printable separately, see www.abrsm.org/syllabusclarifications

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
7	Tom Davoren	Lindy Hop!	Shining Brass, Book 2 (ABRSM), 🥍 🌡 brass edition 🎹
8	Gershwin	Let's Call the Whole Thing Off, arr. Mowat	Slide Show for Trombone (Brass Wind), 🤊 or 🌡 editions
9	Grieg	In the Hall of the Mountain King (from Peer Gynt), arr. Lawrance	Winning Matrix for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\clubsuit$ editions $\mathfrak{M}$
10	Stevie Wonder	Sir Duke, arr. Ramskill	I Feel Good for Trombone (Brass Wind), <b>9</b> trombone or § trombone/euphonium editions

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 16-17 & 19

Bass clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
SCALES		
A, C majors	a 12th	
F, G majors	2 oct.	-
A, C minors (harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	a 12th	tongued
Eb minor (harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	*	
G minor (harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	2 oct.	
CHROMATIC SCALE		
starting on F	2 oct.	tongued
WHOLE-TONE SCALE		
starting on F	2 oct.	tongued
ARPEGGIOS		
A, C majors	a 12th	
F, G majors	2 oct.	• •
A, C minors	a 12th	tongued
E♭ minor	*	
G minor	2 oct.	
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)		
in the keys of B♭ and C	2 oct.	tongued
DIMINISHED SEVENTH		
starting on F	2 oct.	tongued
ullet one octave and down to the dominant		
Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
SCALES		
B, D majors	a 12th	
G, A majors	2 oct.	
B, D minors (harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	a 12th	tongued
F minor (harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	*	
A minor (harmonic or melodic, at candidate's choice)	2 oct.	
CHROMATIC SCALE		
starting on G	2 oct.	tongued

Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION
WHOLE-TONE SCALE		
starting on G	2 oct.	tongued
ARPEGGIOS		
B, D majors	a 12th	
G, A majors	2 oct.	-
B, D minors	a 12th	tongued
F minor	*	-
A minor	2 oct.	
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)		
in the keys of C and D	2 oct.	tongued
DIMINISHED SEVENTH		
starting on G	2 oct.	tongued

◆ one octave and down to the dominant

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 54

**PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY:** ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or a Practical Grades solo Jazz instrument. For alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14-16

Candidates may play one of their three pieces on a bass trombone. See page 13 for further information.

		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	Bizet	Chanson du Toreador, arr. Mowat	Savoir Faire for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\ensuremath{\pounds}$ editions
	2	Bordogni	Allegro (No.5 from Melodious Etudes for Trombone, Book 1), trans. Rochut SOLO	Bordogni: Melodious Etudes for Trombone, Book 1 (Carl Fischer), $\mathcal{P}$ edition
	3	D. Bourgeois	Allegretto (No. 24 from <i>Splinters of Bone</i> , Op. 130) solo	D. Bourgeois: Splinters of Bone (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	4	D. Bourgeois	Allegro molto (No. 3 from Hear Today and Bone Tomorrow) SOLO	D. Bourgeois: Hear Today and Bone Tomorrow (Brass Wind), $\mathcal P$ or $\oint$ editions
	5	Dvořák	Humoresque, arr. Lusher	No.5 from Don Lusher's Trombone Album (Boosey & Hawkes), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition
	6	Gossec	Tambourin, arr. Raph	Repertoire Classics for Trombone (Carl Fischer), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition $\mathfrak{D}$
	7	Handel	The Harmonious Blacksmith, arr. Mowat	Get a Handel on It for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\clubsuit$ editions
	8	Jock McKenzie	Halling (from Music Makes the World Go Around) SOLO	Jock McKenzie: Music Makes the World Go Around (Con Moto), 9: or & editions
	9	Jim Parker	Fantango	Jazzed Up Too for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\S$ editions
	10	Adrian Taylor	Articulation (Advanced) (No. 8, P. 28 from Melodic Studies on Trombone Technique) SOLO	Adrian Taylor: Melodic Studies on Trombone Technique (Warwick Music), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
B	1	J. S. Bach	Arioso (from Concerto in F minor), arr. Smith	No. 7 from Solos for the Trombone Player (G. Schirmer), $\mathscr{P}$ edition
	2	J. S. Bach	Sarabande (from French Suite No.1), arr. Mowat with repeats	Bach for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint e$ ditions
	3	Garner	Misty, arr. Iveson	Paper Moon for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or ${}^{\diamond}_{\Phi}$ editions
	4	Handel	Ombra mai fu (from Serse), arr. Mowat	Get a Handel on It for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	5	Liz Johnson	February Dream	Liz Johnson: February Dream (Composers Edition), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition
	6	H. Mancini	Moon River, arr. Iveson	Let's Face the Music for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	7	Christopher Mowat	Bone Idyll	Slide Show for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or $\oint_{\mathbb{P}}$ editions
	8	Rimsky- Korsakov	Andante cantabile (2nd movt from <i>Trombone</i> <i>Concerto</i> ) with cadenza	Rimsky-Korsakov: Concerto for Trombone (Brass Wind), 9% edition or No.11 from Solos for the Trombone Player, arr. Smith (G. Schirmer), 9° edition
	9	Stephen Roberts	Sarabande	Stephen Roberts: Sarabande (Tanglewind Music), 9:/& edition
	10	Vivaldi	Largo (from Cello Concerto in Eb), arr. Wills	The Baroque Trombone (Faber), $\mathcal{P}$ edition
С	1	C. Coleman & Fields	Big Spender, arr. Mowat	SmartBone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	2	J. A. Greenwood	The Acrobat	J. A. Greenwood: The Acrobat (Wright & Round), $\mathcal{P}/$

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
3	Charles Ingram	Last Call (3rd movt from Sonatina No.1 for Trombone)	Charles Ingram: Sonatina No.1 for Trombone (Cimarron Music Press), ${\boldsymbol {\mathfrak P}}$ edition
4	McHugh & Fields	On the Sunny Side of the Street, arr. Iveson	The Sunny Side of the Street for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
5	Mark Nightingale	Hard Drive (No.16 from Jazz@Etudes for Trombone) solo	Mark Nightingale: Jazz@Etudes for Trombone (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{I}$ or § editions
6	Mark Nightingale	Broadband Bossa (No.19 from Jazz@Etudes for Trombone) solo	Mark Nightingale: Jazz@Etudes for Trombone (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{I}$ or $\S$ editions
7	Peter Thorne	Fast and Rhythmic (1st movt from Shades of Indigo)	Peter Thorne: Shades of Indigo (Warwick Music), $\mathcal{P}$ edition
8	Philip Sparke	Chicago Blues (No. 5 from Super Solos for Trombone)	Philip Sparke: Super Solos for Trombone (Anglo Music), $\mathfrak{P}/\mathfrak{G}$ edition
9	Allen Vizzutti	Cancan solo	No. 2 from Melodic Studies for Trombone (De Haske), $\mathscr{P}$ edition
10	Washington & Bassman	I'm Getting Sentimental Over You, arr. Ledbury	Big Chillers for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ or ${\circle}$ editions

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 16-17 & 19

RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)
a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
1 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued
2 oct.	tongued / regato-tongued
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)
a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued
2 oct.	tongueu / legato-tongueu
1 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
	a 12th 2 oct. 1 oct. 2 oct. 2 oct. a 12th 2 oct. a 12th 2 oct. 2 oct. a 12th 2 oct. a 12th 2 oct. 2 oct.

Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)
CHROMATIC SCALES		
starting on G and Ab	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
WHOLE-TONE SCALES		
starting on G and A♭	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
ARPEGGIOS		
D, Eb majors and minors	a 12th	tanguad (lagata tanguad
G, Ab/G# majors and minors	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)		
in the keys of G and Ab	a 12th	tanguad (lagata tanguad
in the key of D♭	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued
DIMINISHED SEVENTH		
starting on G#	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 55

**PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY:** ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or a Practical Grades solo Jazz instrument. For alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14-16

Candidates may play one of their three pieces on a bass trombone. See page 13 for further information.

		COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
Α	1	J. S. Bach	Prelude in Ab (from 48 Preludes and Fugues, Book 1), arr. Mowat	Bach for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	2	Copland	Hoe-Down, arr. McMillen	Across the Pond O2 for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or § editions
	3	Corelli	Sarabanda <b>and</b> Gigue (3rd <b>and</b> 4th movts from <i>Sonata in G minor),</i> arr. Mortimer	Corelli: Sonata in G minor (Editions Marc Reift), $\mathcal{P}/\frac{2}{3}$ edition
	4	Dorothy Gates	This is the Day grace notes optional	No.14 from Star Search, Book 1 (Salvationist Publishing), $\oint_{\mathbb{R}} {\rm edition}$
	5	Handel	Sound an Alarm (from <i>Judas Maccabaeus</i> ), arr. Mowat	Get a Handel on It for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $k$ editions
	6	Charles Ingram	Stepping Out (1st movt from Sonatina No.1 for Trombone)	Charles Ingram: Sonatina No.1 for Trombone (Cimarron Music Press), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
	7	L. Mozart	Allegro (1st movt from Serenade for Trombone), arr. Clack	L. Mozart: Serenade for Trombone (Winwood Music), $\mathbb{B}/{4\over9}$ edition
	8	Stephen Roberts	Toreadors	Stephen Roberts: Toreadors for Trombone/Euphonium/ Baritone (Composers Edition), $\mathfrak{P}/\frac{1}{2}$ edition
	9	Rossini	Tarantella, arr. Raph	Repertoire Classics for Trombone (Carl Fischer), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition $\mathfrak{B}$
	10	Trad. Welsh	Variations on The Ash Grove, arr. Iveson	Just Brass: Trombone Solos, Vol. 1 (Chester), $2^{-1}$ dition
В	1	Berlioz	Recitative and Prayer, arr. Smith	No. 9 from Solos for the Trombone Player (G. Schirmer), $\mathscr{P}$ edition
	2	Bordogni	Andantino con moto (No. 9 from <i>Melodious</i> <i>Etudes for Trombone, Book</i> 1), trans. Rochut SOLO	Bordogni: Melodious Etudes for Trombone, Book 1 (Carl Fischer), $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$ edition
	3	Bruckner	Ave Maria, arr. Mortimer	Bruckner: Ave Maria (Editions Marc Reift), 9:/& edition
	4	Carolina Calvache	Trombonsillo	Carolina Calvache: Trombonsillo (Calvachmusic), $\mathbb{B}/\frac{1}{2}$ edition
	5	Castérède	Andante sostenuto (2nd movt from Sonatine for Trombone)	Castérède: Sonatine for Trombone (Leduc), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
	6	Debussy	Clair de Lune, arr. Bennett	Chris Jeans Melodies for Trombone (Kirklees Music), $\mathfrak{P} \neq \mathfrak{P}$
	7	Gluck	Che farò (from Orfeo ed Euridice), arr. Wills	The Baroque Trombone (Faber), <b>9</b> <sup>•</sup> edition
	8	Harbach & Kern	Smoke Gets in Your Eyes, arr. Iveson	Let's Face the Music for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\oint$ editions
	9	Clive Jenkins	In Roseland with printed cadenza	Clive Jenkins: In Roseland (Goodmusic), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition
	10	Ravel	Pavane pour une infante défunte, arr. Mowat	Savoir Faire for Trombone/Euphonium (Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}$ or § editions
<b>C</b> 1	1	Martin Ellerby	Variété (4th movt from Trombone Sonata) flutter tonguing optional; last note may be played 8va	Martin Ellerby: Sonata (in five movements) for Trombone (MEM), $\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{C}$ edition
	2	Peter Kneale	Bluejohn with cut at F2	Peter Kneale: Bluejohn (Peter Kneale Music), 🥍 dition
	3	Bertrand Moren	Wild Dances solo	No.18 from Melodic Studies for Trombone (De Haske), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
	4	R. Newsome	Tenor Trombone Rag	R. Newsome: Tenor Trombone Rag (Studio Music), 9%

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)	
5	Mark Nightingale	Scart Stomp (No. 23 from Jazz@Etudes for Trombone) SOLO	Mark Nightingale: Jazz@Etudes for Trombone (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{I}$ or $\S$ editions	
6	Mark Nightingale	Burn, Burn, Burn (No.25 from Jazz@Etudes for Trombone) solo	Mark Nightingale: Jazz@Etudes for Trombone (Warwick Music), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\S$ editions	
7	Jim Parker	Dances with Bears flutter tonguing optional	Jazzed Up Too for Trombone (Brass Wind), ${\mathcal P}$ or ${\car{delta}}$ editions	
8	Peter Thorne	Quick Swing (3rd movt from Shades of Indigo)	Peter Thorne: Shades of Indigo (Warwick Music), ${\cal P}$ edition	
9	Rob Wiffin	A Simmer Tree (No.10 from 20 Trombone Teasers) SOLO	Rob Wiffin: 20 Trombone Teasers (Studio Music), 🦅 🍃	
10	Philip Wilby	Cool Shades	The Brett Baker Trombone Collection, Vol. 1 (Kirklees Music), ∲ edition	

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 16-17, 19, 21 & 23

Bass clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)	
SCALES			
B, D majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
G, Ab/G# majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	2 oct.	tongueu / legato-tongueu / staccato	
EXTENDED-RANGE SCALE			
C major	see p. 23	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
SCALE IN THIRDS			
F major	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
CHROMATIC SCALES			
starting on G and Ab	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
WHOLE-TONE SCALES			
starting on G and Ab	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
ARPEGGIOS			
B, D majors and minors	a 12th	tengued (legate tengued (stageste	
G, A♭/G# majors and minors	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
EXTENDED-RANGE ARPEGGIO			
C major	see p. 23	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)			
in the keys of E and G	a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
in the keys of C and $D\flat$	2 oct.	tongueu / legato-tongueu / stattato	
DIMINISHED SEVENTHS			
starting on G and G#	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
Treble clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)	
SCALES			
Db/C#, E majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
A, Bb majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	2 oct.		

RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)	
see p. 21	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	toligueu / legato-toligueu / staccato	
see p. 21	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.		
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
	see p. 21 2 oct. 2 oct. 2 oct. a 12th 2 oct. see p. 21 a 12th 2 oct.	

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 56

**PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY:** ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or a Practical Grades solo Jazz instrument. For alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

THREE PIECES: one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C; for further details see pages 14-16

Candidates may play one of their three pieces on a bass trombone. See page 13 for further information.

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
1	Bordogni	Allegro moderato (No. 55 from <i>Melodious Etudes</i> for Trombone, Book 1), trans. Rochut <b>SOLO</b>	Bordogni: Melodious Etudes for Trombone, Book 1 (Carl Fischer), $\boldsymbol{\mathscr{P}}$ edition
2	D. Bourgeois	Moderato con moto (No. 8 from Hear Today and Bone Tomorrow) SOLO	D. Bourgeois: Hear Today and Bone Tomorrow (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or $\mbox{{\sc d}}$ editions
3	Gareth Churcher	Klavji with printed cadenza	The Brett Baker Trombone Collection, Vol. 2 (Kirklees Music), ${\ensuremath{}}$ edition
4	Dorothy Gates	The Road (1st movt from Servant of Peace: Concerto for Trombone)	Dorothy Gates: Servant of Peace: Concerto for Trombone (Atiqa Music), ${\bf \underline{B}}$ edition
5	Guilmant	Morceau symphonique (Concert Piece), Op. 88 starting at Allegro moderato, b. 39	Guilmant: Morceau symphonique, Op. 88 (Editions Marc Reift or Brass Wind), 9:/4 edition or No.15 from Solos for the Trombone Player, arr. Smith (G. Schirmer), 9: edition
6	Handel	Adagio and Allegro (from <i>Flute Sonata,</i> HWV 363b), arr. Mowat	Get a Handel on It for Trombone (Brass Wind), $\mathfrak{P}$ or ${}^{\ell}_{\delta}$ editions
7	Larsson	Preludium (Allegro pomposo) (1st movt from Concertino for Trombone, Op. 45 No. 7)	Larsson: Concertino for Trombone, Op. 45 No. 7 (Gehrmans), $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$ edition
8	B. Marcello	Sonata No. 5 (in Bb), arr. Mortimer $complete$	B. Marcello: Sonata No.5 in Bb (Editions Marc Reift), $\mathcal{P}/\langle$ edition
9	E. Reiche	Rondo (3rd movt from <i>Trombone Concerto No.2</i> in A) with repeats	E. Reiche: Concerto No. 2 in A (IMC), 9 edition or No.12 from Solos for the Trombone Player, arr. Smith (G. Schirmer), 9 edition
10	Philip Sparke	Threes, Fives and Sevens (No. 26 from Super Studies for Trombone) solo	Philip Sparke: Super Studies for Trombone (Anglo Music), $\mathcal{P}/\&$ edition
1	Darrol Barry	Lento (2nd movt from Trombone Concerto)	Darrol Barry: Trombone Concerto (Studio Music), $\mathcal{P}/$
2	Brian Chapple	Allegro giocoso (1st movt from A Bit of a Blow for Trombone)	Brian Chapple: A Bit of a Blow for Trombone (Bosworth), $\mathscr{P}/$ edition
3	Ferdinand David	Marcia funebre (Andante) (2nd movt from <i>Trombone Concertino</i> , Op. 4)	Ferdinand David: Concertino, Op. 4 for Trombone (Editions Marc Reift or Brass Wind), $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{D}}^{A}$ edition or Ferdinand David: Concertino, Op. 4 for Trombone (IMC), $\mathcal{P}$ edition
4	Martin Ellerby	Chaconne (2nd movt from Trombone Concerto)	Martin Ellerby: Trombone Concerto (Studio Music), 🐇 edition
5	L. Grøndahl	Quasi una Leggenda (2nd movt from <i>Trombone Concerto</i> )	L. Grøndahl: Trombone Concerto (Edition-S), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
6	Holst	Concertante, arr. Roberts starting at Allegro gioioso ma maestoso	Holst: Concertante for Trombone (Warwick Music), ${\ensuremath{\mathbb B}}$ or & editions
7	Jean-François Michel	Prélude <b>and</b> Romance (1st <b>and</b> 2nd movts from <i>Prélude, Romance &amp; Bacchanale) with cadenza</i>	Jean-François Michel: Prélude, Romance & Bacchanale (Editions BIM), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
8	W. G. Still	Romance, arr. Yeo with trills	W. G. Still: Romance for Trombone (IMC), $\mathfrak{P}$ edition
9	Verdi	Celeste Aida, arr. Golland	The Norman Law Trombone Collection (Kirklees Music), & edition
10	Weber	Romance	Weber: Romance for Trombone (Brass Wind), B/& edition or Weber: Romance for Trombone (Editions Marc Reift), <b>9</b> edition

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
1	Belcke	Allegro con spirito (No. 35 <i>from Posaunen-Etüden</i> 1) solo	Posaunen-Etüden 1 (DVfM), 9 <sup>:</sup> edition
2	Castérède	Allegro vivo (1st movt from Sonatine for Trombone)	Castérède: Sonatine for Trombone (Leduc), 9: edition
-	Tony Cliff	In a relaxed swing style (1st movt from <i>Jazz</i> <i>Silhouettes</i> )	Tony Cliff: Jazz Silhouettes (Studio Music), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
4	Robert Collinson	Impromptu No.1 8vb optional in b. 36	Robert Collinson: Three Impromptus (Kirklees Music), & edition
5	Frank Gulino	Allegro (3rd movt from Trombone Sonata No.1: The Journey) last two bars may be played 8vb	Frank Gulino: Trombone Sonata No.1: The Journey (Cimarron Music Press), <b>9</b> : edition
6	A. Jørgensen	Romance, Op. 21	A. Jørgensen: Romance, Op. 21 (Hansen), 9 <sup>.</sup> edition
7	' Rodney Newton	Dick Turpin's Ride to York	Rodney Newton: Dick Turpin's Ride to York (Wright & Round), & edition
8	Anthony Plog	Divergent Roads	Anthony Plog: Divergent Roads for Trombone (Editions BIM), $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$ edition
ç	Jiggs Whigham	Steve <b>and</b> Fast Swing (4th <b>and</b> 5th movts from Suite for Trombone)	Jiggs Whigham: Suite for Trombone (Schott), ${\mathcal P}$ edition
1	0 Rob Wiffin	Shout! last 3 notes 8vb	Rob Wiffin: Shout! (Studio Music), 🥍 edition

SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS: from memory; for further details (including examples) see pages 16-17, 19, 21 & 23

Bass clef	RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)	
SCALES			
Eb major and minor (minor harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	a 12th	tensued (legate tensued (stepsate	
E, A, Bb majors and minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
EXTENDED-RANGE SCALES			
F# major	— see p. 23	tanguad (lagata tanguad (staggata	
F harmonic minor	see p. 25	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
SCALES IN THIRDS			
F#, A♭ majors	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
CHROMATIC SCALES			
starting on E, A and B♭	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
WHOLE-TONE SCALES			
starting on A and B♭	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
ARPEGGIOS			
Eb major and minor	a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
E, A, Bb majors and minors	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
EXTENDED-RANGE ARPEGGIOS			
F# major	— see p. 23	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
F minor	— see p. 23	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
DOMINANT SEVENTHS (resolving on tonic)			
in the key of Ab	a 12th	tanguad (lagata tanguad (staggata	
in the keys of A, D and Eb	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
DIMINISHED SEVENTHS			
starting on E, A and B♭	2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	

RANGE	ARTICULATION (chosen by the examiner)	
a 12th	tensued (legate tensued (stagete	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
see p. 21	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
a 12th	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
21		
see p. 21	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
a 12th		
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
2 oct.	tongued / legato-tongued / staccato	
	a 12th 2 oct. see p. 21 2 oct. 2 oct. 2 oct. 2 oct. 3 12th 2 oct. see p. 21 3 see p. 21 4 12th 2 oct.	

SIGHT-READING: a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see pages 18 & 26-28

AURAL TESTS: given by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 50 & 57

### Aural test requirements

### Included in all Practical Music graded exams\*

Listening lies at the heart of all good music-making. Developing aural awareness is fundamental to musical training because having a 'musical ear' impacts on all aspects of musicianship. Singing, both silently in the head and out loud, is one of the best ways to develop the 'musical ear'. It connects the internal imagining of sound, the 'inner ear', with the external creation of it, without the necessity of mechanically having to 'find the note' on an instrument (important though that connection is). By integrating aural activities in imaginative ways in the lesson, preparation for the Aural tests within an exam will be a natural extension of what is already an essential part of the learning experience.

### In the exam

Aural tests are an integral part of all Practical Music graded exams.

The tests are given by the examiner from the piano. For any test that requires a sung response, pitch rather than vocal quality is being assessed. The examiner will be happy to adapt to the vocal range of the candidate, whose responses may be sung to any vowel (or consonant followed by a vowel), hummed or whistled (and at a different octave, if appropriate).

The information on pages 51-57 sets out the tasks that candidates will be asked to complete in the exam.

### Assessment

Some tests allow for a second attempt or for an additional playing by the examiner, if necessary. The examiner will also be ready to prompt, where helpful, although this may affect the assessment.

Marks are not awarded for each individual test or deducted for mistakes; instead they reflect the candidate's overall response in this component. The marking criteria for the Aural tests are given on page 65.

### **Supporting publications**

For practice purposes, sample Aural tests are published by ABRSM. Examples of the tests for Grades Initial to 8 are given in *Specimen Aural Tests*. More examples for Grades 1 to 8 are given in *Aural Training in Practice*. Purchasing these books is not a requirement.

### Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates

Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates may choose alternative tests in place of the standard tests, if requested at the time of booking the exam. Further information, including the syllabus for the alternative tests, is available at www.abrsm.org/specificneeds.

#### INITIAL GRADE\*

- **A** To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time.
- **B** To clap as 'echoes' the rhythm of two phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in three or four time, and consist of a melody line only. The examiner will count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should clap back the rhythm as an 'echo' without a pause, keeping in time.
- **C** To sing as 'echoes' two phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be one bar long in 4/4 time. They will be in a major key, and within the range of tonic-mediant. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- **D** To answer a question about one feature of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which feature the question will be about. It will be about dynamics (loud/quiet) or articulation (smooth/detached).

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time or three time. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time or three time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- **B** To sing as 'echoes' three phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in a major key, and within the range of tonic-mediant. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- **C** To identify where a change in pitch occurs during a phrase played by the examiner. The phrase will be two bars long, in a major key, and the change will affect only one of the notes. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should state whether the change was near the beginning or near the end. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this may affect the assessment).
- **D** To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes); the second will be articulation (smooth/detached).

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time or three time. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time or three time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- **B** To sing as 'echoes' three phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in a major key, and within the range of tonic-dominant. First the examiner will play the keychord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- **C** To identify a change in either pitch or rhythm during a phrase played by the examiner. The phrase will be two bars long, in a major key. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should identify the change by describing it, or singing/clapping. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this may affect the assessment).
- **D** To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes), articulation (smooth/detached); the second will be tempo (becoming slower/faster, or staying the same).

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- **B** To sing as 'echoes' three phrases played by the examiner. The phrases will be two bars long, in a major or minor key, and within the range of an octave. First the examiner will play the keychord and the starting note and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- **C** To identify a change in either pitch or rhythm during a phrase played by the examiner. The phrase will be up to four bars long, in a major or minor key. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should identify the change by describing it, or singing/clapping. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this may affect the assessment).
- **D** To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes), articulation (smooth/detached), tempo (becoming slower/faster, or staying the same); the second will be tonality (major/minor key).

- A To sing or play from memory a melody played twice by the examiner. The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument. This option is only available to instruments pitched in C, Bb, Eb or F.) If necessary, the examiner will play the melody again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- **B** To sing five notes from score in free time. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The notes will be within the range of a third above and below the tonic in the key of C, F or G major. The test will begin and end on the tonic and will not contain intervals greater than a third. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note. If necessary, the examiner will help the candidate by playing and identifying the correct note if any note is sung at the wrong pitch.
- **C** (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality; the second will be character.
  - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is not required to state the time signature.

- A To sing or play from memory a melody played twice by the examiner. The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument. This option is only available to instruments pitched in C, Bb, Eb or F.) If necessary, the examiner will play the melody again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- **B** To sing six notes from score in free time. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The notes will be within the range of a fifth above and a fourth below the tonic, in a major key with up to two sharps or flats. The test will begin and end on the tonic and will not contain intervals greater than a third, except for the rising fourth from dominant to tonic. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note. If necessary, the examiner will help the candidate by playing and identifying the correct note if any note is sung at the wrong pitch.
- **C** (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character; the second will be style and period.
  - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

- A To sing or play from memory the *upper* part of a two-part phrase played twice by the examiner. The upper part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument. This option is only available to instruments pitched in C, Bb, Eb or F.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- **B** To sing a melody from score, with an accompaniment played by the examiner. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- **C** To identify the cadence at the end of a phrase as perfect or imperfect. The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be in root position. Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
- **D** (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be: texture or structure; the second will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character, style and period, texture/structure.
  - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

- A To sing or play from memory the *lower* part of a two-part phrase played twice by the examiner. The lower part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument. This option is only available to instruments pitched in C, Bb, Eb or F.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- **B** To sing the *upper* part of a two-part phrase from score, with the lower part played by the examiner. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The upper part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to four sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- **C** (i) To identify the cadence at the end of a phrase as perfect, imperfect or interrupted. The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be in root position. Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
  - (ii) To identify the two chords forming the above cadence. The chords will be limited to the tonic, subdominant, dominant, dominant seventh or submediant (all in root position). First the examiner will name and play the key-chord, then play the two chords as a pair. The candidate may answer using technical names (tonic, dominant, etc.), chord numbers (I, V, etc.) or letter names (C major, G major, etc.).
  - (iii) To identify whether the modulation at the end of a different passage is to the dominant, subdominant or relative minor. The passage, played once by the examiner, will begin in a major key. First the examiner will name and play the starting key-chord. The candidate may answer using technical names (dominant, subdominant, relative minor) or the letter name of the new key.
- **D** (i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner. Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two of the following features the questions will be about: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character, style and period, texture, structure.
  - (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time, four time or 6/8 time. The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonised), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time, four time or 6/8 time.

- A (i) To sing or play from memory the *lowest* part of a three-part phrase played twice by the examiner. The lowest part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument. This option is only available to instruments pitched in C, Bb, Eb or F.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
  - (ii) To identify the cadence at the end of a continuing phrase as perfect, imperfect, interrupted or plagal. The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be limited to the tonic (root position, first or second inversions), supertonic (root position or first inversion), subdominant (root position), dominant (root position, first or second inversions), dominant seventh (root position) or submediant (root position). Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
  - (iii) To identify the three chords (including their positions) forming the above cadential progression. The chords will be limited to the tonic (root position, first or second inversions), supertonic (root position or first inversion), subdominant (root position), dominant (root position, first or second inversions), dominant seventh (root position) or submediant (root position). First the examiner will name and play the key-chord, then play the three chords in sequence, finally playing each chord individually, pausing for the candidate to identify it. The candidate may answer using technical names (tonic, first inversion, etc.), chord numbers (lb, etc.) or letter names (C major in first inversion, etc.).
- **B** To sing the *lower* part of a two-part phrase from score, with the upper part played by the examiner. The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The lower part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to four sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this may affect the assessment).
- C To identify whether the modulations at the end of two different passages are to the dominant, subdominant or relative minor/major. The first passage will begin in a major key and the second will begin in a minor key; each passage will be played once by the examiner. Before playing each passage, the examiner will name and play the starting key-chord. The candidate may answer using technical names (dominant\*, subdominant, relative minor/major) or the letter name of the new key. (\*Minor-key passages may modulate to the dominant major or minor but the candidate is only required to specify 'dominant' in such cases.)
- **D** To describe the characteristic features of a piece played by the examiner. After hearing the piece, the candidate should describe any notable features (such as texture, structure, character, style and period, etc.). The examiner will prompt the candidate with questions only if this becomes necessary.

## 4. Assessment, marking & infringements

### **Assessment objectives**

The following tables describe the level of knowledge and skills required of candidates taking Practical Grades. They also show the assessment objectives and corresponding marking criteria that examiners use to assess the performances at each level. The full marking criteria used by examiners are available on pages 64–65.

## Initial Grade (RQF Entry Level 3)

Assessment objectives	Marking criteria	
Learners will:	Learners can:	
Demonstrate musical skill, knowledge and understanding through performing repertoire of basic musical and technical demands, demonstrating control across the range of musical ingredients appropriate to simple repertoire and awareness of basic characteristic features and performance conventions.	<ul> <li>Perform basic repertoire with:</li> <li>Reliable pitch and intonation</li> <li>Stable rhythm at a suitable tempo</li> <li>Reliable tonal control and awareness</li> <li>Musical shape and detail</li> <li>Communication of character and style</li> </ul>	
Demonstrate instrumental control and familiarity with prescribed note patterns relevant to the instrument, through playing prescribed technical requirements at basic demand levels.	Perform specified basic technical requirements with: • Correct notes and secure continuity • Reliable tonal control	
Demonstrate notational and listening skills	<ul><li>Respond to simple musical notation with:</li><li>Overall security of notes, rhythm and continuity</li></ul>	
and understanding at basic demand levels through responding to previously unseen music and prescribed aural tests.	<ul><li>Respond to simple piano-based musical stimuli with:</li><li>Overall accuracy and reliable musical perception</li></ul>	

## Grades 1 to 3 (RQF Level 1)

Assessment objectives	Marking criteria	
Learners will:	Learners can:	
Demonstrate musical skill, knowledge and understanding through performing repertoire of elementary musical and technical demands, demonstrating control across the range of musical ingredients appropriate to straightforward repertoire and awareness of elementary characteristic features and performance conventions.	<ul> <li>Perform elementary repertoire with:</li> <li>Reliable pitch and intonation</li> <li>Stable rhythm at a suitable tempo</li> <li>Reliable tonal control and awareness</li> <li>Musical shape and detail</li> <li>Communication of character and style</li> </ul>	
Demonstrate instrumental control and familiarity with prescribed note patterns relevant to the instrument, through playing prescribed technical requirements at elementary demand levels.	<ul><li>Perform specified elementary technical requirements with:</li><li>Correct notes and secure continuity</li><li>Reliable tonal control</li></ul>	
Demonstrate notational and listening skills and understanding at elementary demand	<ul><li>Respond to straightforward musical notation with:</li><li>Overall security of notes, rhythm and continuity</li></ul>	
levels through responding to previously unseen music and prescribed aural tests.	<ul><li>Respond to straightforward piano-based musical stimuli with:</li><li>Overall accuracy and reliable musical perception</li></ul>	

## Grades 4 & 5 (RQF Level 2)

Assessment objectives	Marking criteria	
Learners will:	Learners can:	
Demonstrate musical skill, knowledge and understanding through performing repertoire of intermediate musical and technical demands, demonstrating control across the range of musical ingredients appropriate to moderately complex repertoire and awareness of comprehensive characteristic features and performance conventions.	<ul> <li>Perform intermediate repertoire with:</li> <li>Reliable pitch and intonation</li> <li>Stable rhythm at a suitable tempo</li> <li>Reliable tonal control and awareness</li> <li>Musical shape and detail</li> <li>Communication of character and style</li> </ul>	
Demonstrate instrumental control and familiarity with prescribed note patterns relevant to the instrument, through playing prescribed technical requirements at intermediate demand levels.	Perform specified intermediate technical requirements with: • Correct notes and secure continuity • Reliable tonal control	
Demonstrate notational and listening skills and understanding at intermediate demand	<ul><li>Respond to moderately complex musical notation with:</li><li>Overall security of notes, rhythm and continuity</li></ul>	
vels through responding to previously seen music and prescribed aural tests.	<ul><li>Respond to moderately complex piano-based musical stimuli with:</li><li>Overall accuracy and reliable musical perception</li></ul>	

## Grades 6 to 8 (RQF Level 3)

Assessment objectives	Marking criteria	
Learners will:	Learners can:	
Demonstrate musical skill, knowledge and understanding through performing repertoire of advanced musical and technical demands, demonstrating control across the range of musical ingredients appropriate to complex repertoire and awareness of sophisticated characteristic features and performance conventions.	<ul> <li>Perform advanced repertoire with:</li> <li>Reliable pitch and intonation</li> <li>Stable rhythm at a suitable tempo</li> <li>Reliable tonal control and awareness</li> <li>Musical shape and detail</li> <li>Communication of character and style</li> </ul>	
Demonstrate instrumental control and familiarity with prescribed note patterns relevant to the instrument, through playing prescribed technical requirements at advanced demand levels.	<ul><li>Perform specified advanced technical requirements with:</li><li>Correct notes and secure continuity</li><li>Reliable tonal control</li></ul>	
Demonstrate notational and listening skills	<ul><li>Respond to complex musical notation with:</li><li>Overall security of notes, rhythm and continuity</li></ul>	
and understanding at advanced demand levels through responding to previously unseen music and prescribed aural tests.	<ul><li>Respond to complex piano-based musical stimuli with:</li><li>Overall accuracy and reliable musical perception</li></ul>	

## Mark allocation

Marks are allocated for each component of Practical Grades for brass, as shown in the table below:

Exam component	Maximum marks	% of total mark
Piece 1	30	20%
Piece 2	30	20%
Piece 3	30	20%
Scales and arpeggios	21	14%
Sight-reading	21	14%
Aural tests	18	12%
Total	150	100%

### **Result categories**

The result categories for Practical Grades are set as follows. A Pass in each component of the exam is not required to pass overall.

Result category	Mark band
Distinction	130-150
Merit	120-129
Pass	100-119
Below Pass	50-99

## Synoptic assessment

Synoptic assessment is a form of assessment that requires candidates to demonstrate that they can identify and effectively use a selection of skills, techniques, concepts and knowledge to carry out a key task. Practical Grades allow candidates to demonstrate their ability to draw together different skills, knowledge and understanding – theory, notation, instrument control, listening skills, creative interpretation – and apply these across the individual components of the exam.

## Awarding

An examiner's assessment of a piece or any other component will be based on the performance given at that time towards the qualification for which the candidate has been entered. Prior performances of the same pieces or other components will not be taken into account for the qualification, nor will marking appeals be accepted on that basis. The transfer of marks, at any grade, between Practical Grades and Performance Grades is not permitted.

## Infringements

It is important that candidates, and those preparing them for exams, read and follow the exam requirements as set out in the relevant Practical Grades syllabus (see Section 3). If the exam requirements are not met in any way, this could lead to a warning, mark deduction or disqualification, at ABRSM's discretion. Examples of infringements include:

- Presenting repertoire not set on the syllabus for the grade.
- Presenting syllabus-listed repertoire, but not as specified (e.g. incorrect number of movements, wrong combination of pieces/songs from lists).
- For instruments, playing the scale requirements from notation.
- For Singing and Singing for Musical Theatre, presenting an unaccompanied song that is too short or too long.

The above list is not exhaustive.

Action is typically taken as follows:

- Warnings, in the form of written correspondence, are applied to minor infringements (e.g. two pieces/songs from the same list). Repeat cases in subsequent exams may result in more severe action being taken.
- Mark deductions from a component of the exam are applied to more serious cases (e.g. presenting a piece/song that is not set on the syllabus) and may range from three marks to the full marks available for the component.
- Disqualification is applied to cases where requirements are not fulfilled in a fundamental way (e.g. none of the pieces/songs performed have been selected from the ABRSM repertoire lists for the grade).

Examiners report infringements to ABRSM who investigate and decide what action is to be taken. It should be noted that infringements identified in exams may delay the release of the exam result.

ABRSM's decision on any infringement is final. Prior acceptance of an infringement without penalty does not set a precedent and appeals will not be accepted on this basis.

## Marking criteria

The tables on pages 64–65 show the marking criteria used by examiners for Practical Grades in brass. Examiners mark up or down from the pass mark for each component by balancing the extent to which the qualities and skills listed in the criteria (broadly categorised by pitch, time, tone, shape and performance) are demonstrated and contribute towards the overall musical outcome.

## Marking criteria

Grades Initial to 8	<b>Pieces</b> Pitch	Time	Tone	Shape	Performance
Distinction 27-30	<ul> <li>Highly accurate notes and intonation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fluent, with flexibility where appropriate</li> <li>Rhythmic character well conveyed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Well projected</li> <li>Sensitive use of tonal qualities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expressive, idiomatic musical shaping and detail</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assured</li> <li>Fully committed</li> <li>Vivid communication of character and style</li> </ul>
Merit 24-26	<ul> <li>Largely accurate notes and intonation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sustained, effective tempo</li> <li>Good sense of rhythm</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mainly controlled and consistent</li> <li>Good tonal awareness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clear musical shaping, well-realised detail</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Positive</li> <li>Carrying musical conviction</li> <li>Character and style communicated</li> </ul>
Pass 20-23	<ul> <li>Generally correct notes</li> <li>Sufficiently reliable intonation to maintain tonality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suitable tempo</li> <li>Generally stable pulse</li> <li>Overall rhythmic accuracy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Generally reliable</li> <li>Adequate tonal awareness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Some realisation of musical shape and/or detail</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Generally secure, prompt recovery from slips</li> <li>Some musical involvement</li> </ul>
Below Pass 17-19	<ul> <li>Frequent note errors</li> <li>Insufficiently reliable intonation to maintain tonality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unsuitable and/or uncontrolled tempo</li> <li>Irregular pulse</li> <li>Inaccurate rhythm</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uneven and/or unreliable</li> <li>Inadequate tonal awareness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Musical shape and detail insufficiently conveyed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Insecure, inadequate recovery from slips</li> <li>Insufficient musical involvement</li> </ul>
13-16	<ul> <li>Largely inaccurate notes and/or intonation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Erratic tempo and/or pulse</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Serious lack of tonal control</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Musical shape and detail largely unrealised</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Lacking continuity</li><li>No musical involvement</li></ul>
10-12	• Highly inaccurate notes and/or intonation	<ul> <li>Incoherent tempo and/or pulse</li> </ul>	No tonal control	No shape or detail	<ul> <li>Unable to continue for more than a short section</li> </ul>
0	No work offered	No work offered	No work offered	No work offered	No work offered

Grades Initial to 8	Scales and arpeggios	Sight-reading	Grades Initial to 8	Aural tests
Distinction 19-21	<ul> <li>Highly accurate notes/pitch</li> <li>Fluent and rhythmic</li> <li>Musically shaped</li> <li>Confident response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fluent, rhythmically accurate</li> <li>Accurate notes/pitch/key</li> <li>Musical detail realised</li> <li>Confident presentation</li> </ul>	Distinction 17-18	<ul> <li>Accurate throughout</li> <li>Musically perceptive</li> <li>Confident response</li> </ul>
Merit 17-18	<ul> <li>Largely accurate notes/pitch</li> <li>Mostly regular flow</li> <li>Mainly even tone</li> <li>Secure response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adequate tempo, usually steady pulse</li> <li>Mainly correct rhythm</li> <li>Largely correct notes/pitch/key</li> <li>Largely secure presentation</li> </ul>	Merit 15-16	<ul> <li>Strengths significantly outweigh weaknesses</li> <li>Musically aware</li> <li>Secure response</li> </ul>
Pass 14-16	<ul> <li>Generally correct notes/pitch, despite errors</li> <li>Continuity generally maintained</li> <li>Generally reliable tone</li> <li>Cautious response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continuity generally maintained</li> <li>Note values mostly realised</li> <li>Pitch outlines in place, despite errors</li> <li>Cautious presentation</li> </ul>	Pass 12-14	<ul><li>Strengths just outweigh weaknesses</li><li>Cautious response</li></ul>
Below Pass 11-13	<ul> <li>Frequent errors in notes and/or pitch</li> <li>Lacking continuity and/or some items incomplete</li> <li>Unreliable tone</li> <li>Uncertain response and/or some items not attempted</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lacking overall continuity</li> <li>Incorrect note values</li> <li>Very approximate notes/pitch/key</li> <li>Insecure presentation</li> </ul>	Below Pass 9-11	<ul> <li>Weaknesses outweigh strengths</li> <li>Uncertain response</li> </ul>
7-10	<ul> <li>Very approximate notes and/or pitch</li> <li>Sporadic and/or frequently incomplete</li> <li>Serious lack of tonal control</li> <li>Very uncertain response and/or several items not attempted</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No continuity or incomplete</li> <li>Note values unrealised</li> <li>Pitch outlines absent</li> <li>Very uncertain presentation</li> </ul>	6-8	<ul> <li>Inaccuracy throughout</li> <li>Vague response</li> </ul>
0	No work offered	No work offered	0	No work offered

## 5. After the exam

### Results

All candidates receive a copy of their mark form; successful candidates also receive a certificate that shows the qualification title as well as the subject and level that they have been examined in. We aim to release results for Practical Grades in line with the schedules on our website at www. abrsm.org/results; however, some results may take longer. Examiners will not issue or discuss a candidate's result; the mark form (and certificate for successful candidates) will be issued by ABRSM after the exam. Unless otherwise requested at the time of booking, mark forms and certificates are issued to the applicant, whose responsibility it is to pass them on to candidates.

## Appeals and feedback

#### Appeals

If a candidate has received an unexpected exam result, this can be appealed by requesting a Results Review. This process allows us to revisit the marks awarded by an examiner and, subject to the outcome of the review, may result in a mark amendment.

#### Feedback

In addition to a Results Review, we also welcome feedback about other matters, such as the overall exam experience or the mark form. All feedback is logged and plays a valuable part in our commitment to continuous improvement and quality assurance procedures.

For further information on our processes and deadlines for appealing a result, or submitting feedback, please visit www.abrsm.org/send-exam-feedback.

## 6. Other assessments

ABRSM's other assessments for brass are Music Medals, Prep Test, Performance Grades, Jazz Practical Grades (Trumpet, B) Cornet, Flugelhorn, Trombone), Performance Assessment, Ensembles and diplomas. Full information is available at www.abrsm.org/exams.

## **Brass Prep Test**

ABRSM's Prep Test, presented in a relaxed and encouraging way, is an ideal introduction to the exam experience. It gives learners a goal to work towards and a certificate awarded on the day – something to be really proud of.

The Prep Test is designed to encourage the development of good musical and technical foundations. It covers many of the elements beginners will be working on at this early stage, including pitch, time, tone, performance and musical perception.

### Content

The Prep Test has four sections - Tunes, two Pieces, and Listening Games. See page 68.

#### Instruments

The Prep Test for brass is available for Horn, Trumpet, Cornet (Bb and Eb), Flugelhorn, Eb Horn, Baritone (treble clef), Euphonium (treble clef), Tuba (treble clef) and Trombone (bass clef) (see below for information about availability for other brass instruments).

#### Books

All the books mentioned on page 68 are published by ABRSM and are available from music retailers as well as online, including at the ABRSM music shop: www.abrsm.org/shop.

Prep Test candidates for Cornet (Bb and Eb), Flugelhorn, Eb Horn, Baritone (treble clef), Euphonium (treble clef) and Tuba (treble clef) should refer to the *Trumpet Prep Test* publication.

Prep Test candidates who read Baritone (bass clef), Euphonium (bass clef), Tuba (bass clef) and Trombone (treble clef) may use manuscript transpositions into their preferred clef.

### Assessment

Immediate feedback is given at the end of the Prep Test in the form of positive comments and suggestions written on the certificate, which is handed to the candidate by the examiner. There is no pass or fail, and no marks are awarded. The examiner's comments will cover some of the following:

- Sense of pitch
- Sense of rhythm

- Control of tone
- Listening skills and awareness

### Other information

- The Prep Test takes about 10 minutes.
- ABRSM Public Venues provide a music stand and the examiner will be happy to help adjust the height or position of the stand.
- The teacher or accompanist may help tune the candidate's instrument before the Prep Test begins (examiners are unable to help with tuning).

- The Tunes should be performed from memory, but the two Pieces can be played from the music. If either of the Pieces is played from memory, candidates should bring a copy of the music for the examiner.
- The examiner will be happy to play any piano accompaniments, in which case candidates should bring the music with them. Alternatively, candidates can bring their own accompanist if they prefer.
- Generally, there will be one examiner; however a second examiner may be present for training and quality assurance purposes.
- Details of dates, locations, fees and how to book a Prep Test are available online at www.abrsm. org/exambooking.
- ABRSM recognises that many learners start their musical journey by using an instrument specially adapted for younger/smaller players. We welcome the use of these instruments in the Prep Test in accordance with the details set out in our Adapted Instruments Policy, available at www.abrsm.org/policies.

Requirements	Publication (as applicable)
<b>Tunes:</b> three short exercises played from memory	
the Tunes are in:	Horn Prep Test Trumpet Prep Test Trombone Prep Test
First Piece: solo or accompanied	
any one of the set pieces from:	the relevant Prep Test book
or (for players of B♭ instruments)	
any one piece from:	Party Time! for Trumpet (Alan Bullard)
Second Piece: accompanied	
own-choice accompanied piece (c.16-24 bars)	any publication (or an unpublished piece)
Listening Games*: four listening games a) Clapping the beat b) Echoes c) Finding the notes d) What can you hear?	examples are provided in the relevant Prep Test book

## **Performance Grades**

ABRSM Performance Grades allow learners to focus on and showcase their performance skills. They are available from Grade 1 to Grade 8, and in some subjects from Initial Grade. Candidates may be entered for any grade at any age and do not need to have taken any earlier grade(s) in the same subject. Full information, including the qualification specification, is available at www.abrsm.org/performancegrades.

### **About Performance Grades**

Each Performance Grade has been carefully designed to assess synoptically the underpinning knowledge and understanding required for music performance. These creative skills are presented through the technical control of an instrument, interpretation of repertoire, and the delivery and successful communication of a sustained programme of music. Collectively, these skills enable candidates to progress to higher grades and other qualifications in the creative arts sector.

The exams are made up of five components:

- four Pieces/Songs three selected by candidates from set lists and one that is their own choice
- an assessment of the performance as a whole

Marks for each component are equally weighted and are awarded to each component individually.

The exams are currently offered as digital assessments only. Candidates' performances are video recorded in one continuous take and submitted to ABRSM for assessment. The candidate/ Applicant is responsible for organising a suitable venue and any equipment needed to run the exam.

Those entering for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 Performance Grades exam must first have passed ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or a Practical Grades solo Jazz instrument; for full details, including a list of accepted alternatives, see www.abrsm.org/prerequisite.

## **Music Theory**

ABRSM Music Theory exams are available for Grades 1 to 8. Candidates may be entered for any grade at any age and do not need to have taken any earlier grade(s). Further information is available at www.abrsm.org/theory and the qualification specification (including the full syllabus) is available at www.abrsm.org/specifications.

## **About Music Theory**

Developing musical literacy forms a key part of a rounded education for performers, composers and listeners of all kinds. Understanding how written symbols relate to the elements of music, and having the skills to interpret and translate them into sounds, empowers us to communicate and experience music in a meaningful way.

ABRSM's Music Theory grades give learners:

- a knowledge of the notation of western music, including commonly used signs and terminology
- an understanding of fundamental musical elements such as intervals, keys, scales and chords
- an ability to apply theoretical knowledge and understanding to score analysis
- skills in harmonic completion of extracts and melody writing (at Grades 6 to 8).

Candidates are assessed on their ability to identify, use and manipulate musical symbols, to study extracts and to answer questions about the elements of music according to the parameters detailed in the full syllabus at www.abrsm.org/theory.

The exams are available as online assessments at Grades 1 to 5 and paper-based assessments at Grades 6 to 8.

### Grade 5 as a prerequisite

We believe that a thorough understanding of the elements of music is essential for a full and satisfying performance at the higher grades.

It is therefore an ABRSM requirement that candidates must provide evidence of a pass at ABRSM Grade 5 or above in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or a Practical Grades solo Jazz instrument before they can enter for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 Practical Grades or Performance Grades exam.

## **Practical Musicianship**

ABRSM Practical Musicianship exams are available for Grades 1 to 8 and are open to singers and instrumentalists. Candidates may be entered for any grade at any age and do not need to have taken any earlier grade(s). The full syllabus is available at www.abrsm.org/practicalmusicianship.

## **About Practical Musicianship**

Musicianship is a broad concept that covers a complex range of musical abilities. For the purposes of this syllabus, it is loosely defined as the ability to 'think in sound'. This occurs when a musician is able to produce music which they perceive internally and in the imagination, whether through playing by ear, singing, reading from notation, or through improvisation.

ABRSM's Practical Musicianship grades encourage learners to develop their ability to 'think in sound' and perform spontaneously. While Practical Grades and Performance Grades focus on aspects of performance and/or supporting tests that are prepared in detail in advance, here the playing (or singing) is in response to immediate challenges and stimuli, presented both aurally and via notation.

The exams also cover the following key skills:

- the ability to internalise music and to reproduce it
- interpreting written music with a minimum of preparation
- exploring the possibilities inherent in a short motif
- the ability to detect differences between what is heard and what is written.

In developing their musicianship skills, learners will be gaining the understanding as well as the expressive and interpretative skills needed to master the musical language of the repertoire they are learning.

### Grade 5 as a prerequisite

We believe that a thorough understanding of the elements of music is essential for a full and satisfying performance at the higher grades.

It is therefore an ABRSM requirement that candidates must provide evidence of a pass at ABRSM Grade 5 or above in Practical Musicianship, Music Theory or a Practical Grades solo Jazz instrument before they can enter for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 Practical Grades or Performance Grades exam.

## ARSM

The ARSM diploma is available to instrumentalists and singers of any age. It is the first of our diploma qualifications and provides musicians with an opportunity to develop their performance technique and interpretative skills, while focusing on programme building and extending their repertoire.

### Key features

- Candidates present a balanced and varied programme, as follows:
  - the programme lasts 30 minutes
  - at least 20 minutes of the music is chosen from the repertoire list
  - the remaining programme time may be made up of own-choice repertoire, of Grade 8 standard or above
- There are no additional supporting tests or other requirements
- There are two assessment methods available:
  - face-to-face held at the same venues and during the same time periods as ABRSM's Practical Grades
  - digital a video recorded performance submitted to ABRSM for assessment
- ARSM is a letter-bearing qualification. Candidates awarded the diploma can use the letters ARSM (Associate of the Royal Schools of Music) after their name.

Those entering for an ARSM diploma must first have passed ABRSM Grade 8 (or a listed alternative). Full details of the exam and entry requirements are available in the qualification specification at www.abrsm.org/arsmdiploma.

We update our syllabuses from time to time. Advance notice of any changes will be given at www.abrsm.org/syllabusupdates. Please refer to the website for the most recent version of the ARSM syllabus.

## DipABRSM, LRSM, FRSM (Music Performance)

These diplomas are available to instrumentalists and singers of any age. Through a combination of live and written components, candidates demonstrate their performance, communication and research skills, as well as their musical knowledge and understanding. Each diploma serves as a stepping stone to the next level.

## Key features

- Candidates:
  - present a recital programme
  - submit programme notes (DipABRSM & LRSM) or a written submission (FRSM)
  - undertake a viva voce, with questions covering the recital, programme notes/written submission as well as other aspects of performance
  - perform a short piece of unaccompanied and previously unseen music after five minutes' preparation time (quick study)
- These diploma exams take place at specific venues and times of the year
- Each diploma is a letter-bearing qualification. Candidates awarded a diploma can use the letters DipABRSM (Diploma of the Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music), LRSM (Licentiate of the Royal Schools of Music) or FRSM (Fellowship of the Royal Schools of Music) after their name as appropriate.

Those entering for one of these diplomas must fulfil a specific ABRSM prerequisite (or a listed alternative). Full details of the exam and entry requirements are available at www.abrsm.org/ diplomas and the qualification specification is available at www.abrsm.org/specifications.

We update our syllabuses from time to time. Advance notice of any changes will be given at www.abrsm.org/syllabusupdates. Please refer to the website for the most recent versions of the diploma syllabuses.

#### Further diploma exams

DipABRSM, LRSM and FRSM diplomas are also available for Instrumental/Vocal Teaching and Music Direction. Full details are available at www.abrsm.org/diplomas.

We are currently reviewing the diploma exams we offer and changes may be made during the lifetime of this specification. Please refer to www.abrsm.org/diplomas for up-to-date information.



# Exam programme & running order

Name:	
Subject:	Grade:
What would you like to start your exam with?	

Please write details of the items you are performing in your exam in the order you are presenting them and hand this slip to the examiner. Best wishes for an enjoyable and successful exam!

Year of syllabus: \_\_\_\_\_

List*	Number	Composer	Title
	_		

Singers only: unaccompanied traditional song:

Percussion (Combined) only: technical requirements on:

\* Leave blank for Snare Drum, Timpani and Tuned Percussion